Khamenei: No direct talks with U.S.

NICOSIA (AP) — Iran's spiritual leader Aystolish Ali Khamene Wednesday railed out negotiations with the United States to end 11 years of bostHity. It was not known what the anti-American stance adopted by Khamenci, the country's top leader, meant for the possibility of early release for more Western hostages. Khamenei's statement, carried by the e-run Islamic Republic News Agency, responded to a week-long debate in the Iranian press that followed an article by a senior government official calling for direct talks with the United States. The article, by Vice President Atsolish Mohajerani, was published Taursday is the daily Ettelant. IRNA quoted Khameni as saying: "I am against bolding negotiations with the United States, and the Islamic republic government would not possibly do so without my consent." He added: "Those who think we must open neontiations with the limited States are either simple-minded or terrified." Government officials "are notherally against such a thing," Khamenei said.

AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, MAY 3-4, SHAWWAL 7-8, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

Belgian deputy arrives in Amman

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AMMAN (Petra) - The chairman of the foreign affairs com-mittee of the Belgian borse of representatives arrived Wednes. day on a two-day visit to Jordan during which he will meet a mun-ber of officials and his Jordanian connterpart. The Belgian deputy was received in the airport by Deputy Husni Al Shayyab and the Belgian ambassador to Jor-

Officers protest Sudan executions

CAIRO (R) - A group of officers has submitted a note to Sudan's military ruler protesting against the execution of 28 officers nine days ago for their alleged role in a swiftly crushed coup day. The note, delivered earlier this week, was the first sign of dissent within the Sudanese militmy over the executions, which an Amb human rights group said were carried out following trials before emergency military tribunas lasting only two bours. Sudan has denied such a note was ever submitted. Police Monday used tear-gas and whips to disperse a demonstration by women relatives of the 28 executed officers, according to diplomats and witnesses. They said police dispersed smaller street protests also on Monday in Khartoum and in its twin city of Omdurman. There were no injuries or arrests made, they added.

Algerian parties form alliance

opposition parties in Algeria izive formed an alliance to support each other during the county's first free elections set for June, party officials said Wednesday. Abderrahmane Adjrid, president of the Social Democratic Party PSD), told Algerian radio the five parties would "work for the same political, economic and social orientations." and others were welcome to join. Adjrid said the centrist alliance was formed Tuesday by his branch of ot pare the PSD, the National Party for Solidarity and Development (PNSD), the Social Liberal Party. the National Renewal Front and the Popular Association for Unity and Action.

Nailbullah lifts state of emergency

ISLAMABAD (R) - Afghan President Najibullah has ordered that a state of emergency giving special powers to his government will be lifted Friday, Kabul Radio said Wednesday. The broadcast said this would restore to parliament the powers delegated to the cabinet after the withdrawal of Soviet forces in February 1989.

Bulgaria, israel to restore ties

SOFIA (AP) - Diplomatic relations between Israel and Bulgaria are to be restored Thursday, the state news agency BTA reported cologist k only hours after Israeli Foreign ster Moshe Arens arrived for this purpose Wednesday. "We ger hif have been waiting for this moment for 23 years, which is a very long time," Avens told reporters upon arrival at Sofia airport.

Ferries fired on 🐣

off Beirut coast ad by a con BEIRUT (AP) - Christian forces vying for dominance of the enclave north of Beirut fired at pussenger ships serving ports controlled by the rival factions Wednesday smid tenewed artillery exchanges. Police said scither the Cypriot ferry Sunny Boat, and and of nor the Lebanese ship Virgin and ship Butterfly was int. Police said sponses a dozen howizer shells at the institute of Beirut in the early manners. g some the runs between the Cypriot port of which the Larnaca and Jounieh. beam by militarien of the Lebanese beam overed by bour shortly beam bour shortly beam at the her-She said and was waiting for passengers to board for the return voyage. But the first charm to whom the first charm the waters around it the ferry to ever he best quickly saided out to interna-ting of tional waters and later headed in

King meets patriarch, reiterates

commitment to protecting holy places

Jordan reaffirms Jerusalem pledge

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN - Jordan Wednesday reaffirmed its commitment to protecting religious holy places in occupied Jerusalem and paid tribute to the resistance of the Greek Onthodox patriarch in the Holy City against Israeli moves in the Christian quarter of the Old

"I reaffirm that our deep concern over the Christian holy places in Jerusalem is a matter of principle, and we place the sanctity of the shrines above all political considerations," His Majesty King Hussein was quoted as saying in a meeting with Greek Orthodox Patriarch of Jerusalem Diodoros L

The Jordan News Agency, Petra, also quoted the King as paying tribute to the patriarch's courageous stand and steadfastness in the face of the Israeli occupation authorities," and reaffirming Jordan's "commit-ment to the Muslim-Christian pact concluded under the reign of Omar Ben Al Khattab." The most important element of

the agreement, made in the seventh century, is a commitment to safeguarding and defending the freedom of worship and religion in Jerusalem.

"Israel and the enemies of the Arab Nation have been intent at destroying the context of this pact

and we have been steadily resisting all such moves," the King told Patriarch Diodoros,

The patriarch, who arrived here Tuesday on a three-day visit to Jordan, voiced the Greek Orthodox Church's appreciation of the King's support. "Our steadfastness in our struggle in the face of Israel's expansionist designs draws strength from the great support offered by King Hussein to his Christian brothers in Palestine," Petra quoted Patnarch Diodoros as saying.

The patriarch also paid tribute to Christian-Muslim unity and solidarity displayed in Palestine. He noted that "Muslims and Christians have been living together like one family over 1,400 years," Petra said. "The holy Muslim and Christian holy places are now prey to Israeli aggression," he added.

Specifically referring to the ongoing dispute between the church and Israeli governmentsupported settlers who have laid claim to a church-owned building in the Christian quarter of Arab Jerusalem, the patriarch said that the issue was a "political question and therfore all should be closely unitd in their efforts to provide protection to the holy places and liberate the Holy Land from Israeli occupation."

The theme of inter-faith unity was also the focus of remarks made by the patriarch in an inter-

He said such unity was the very essence of efforts to counter Israeli moves to bring about demographic changes in occupied Jerusalem and Palestinians of both faiths were determined to continue their united stand against the occupation power's plans. "It is a fact that every member of the population, irrespective of faith

and denomination, supports" the church in its confrontation with Jewish settlers who occupied the church-owned St. John's Hospice in the Christian quarter of Arab Jerusalem earlier this month, triggering one of the most fierce controversies over the Holy City, said Patriarch Diodoros, the senior-most Greek Orthodox clergyman in the Holy Land.

The patriarch described the issue as "not exactly a simple dispute over church property" since the settlers who occupied the building on April 11 "were backed by (Israeli) political

Warning that the Israeli plan "has serious repercussions and grave consequences not only to the Christian and Muslim communities but also the entire civilised world," the patriarch said the church was in contact with all international churches and other communities to foil the Jewish state's moves in the city, reverted as the holiest by the Christians and which the third holiest shrine of

The patriarch's reference was to the recent disclosure by the Israeli ing ministry that it had given \$1.8

(Continued on page 4)

Mubarak, Assad meet; Iraq-Syria media hits halt

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer with agency dispatches

DAMASCUS - Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, on a groundbreaking visit to Syria. and Syrian President Hafez Al Assad held talks Wednesday on issues behaved to include Soviet Jewish immigration to Israel and prospects for Syrian-Iraqi recon-

As the Egyptian leader flew to Damascus, reports from Baghdad said that Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat had managed to bring about a decision by Iraq and Syria to call a halt in their media attacks against each other. There were also signs that both were living up to the decision.

Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi arrived in the Iraqi capital, which has offered to host. an extraordinary Arab summit to discuss the most pressing issues facing the Arab World, and his talks there were expected to focus on prospects for convening the summit, which hinges on the out-come of Mubarak's talks with

Assad. A large crowd gathered at Damascus airport to welcome Muharak, the first Egyptian president to visit Syria in 12 years after a break in diplomatic relations between the two countries in 1977 immediately after Egypt's move to enter a separate peace treaty with Israel. Diplomatic ties were restored in March, and Minbarak's visit to Syria was seen as putting a seal on the two countries' reconciliation.

A red carpet and a warm hug Damascus airoott.

"I see in the return of reconciliation among the Arab countries a vital and necessary step to counter the international blocs," the Syrian news agency SANA quoted Mubarak as saying on the eve of his visit.

Syrian state radio, in an unusual move for arriving leaders, gave live coverage to the visit. The issue of countering the

Zionist danger, which is threatening the present and future of the whole Arab Nation, will undoubtedly be discussed," Syria's ruling Baath Party newspaper said Wednesday.

"The absence of a solid Arab position has negatively affected ali Arab causes, especially the cause of the Palestinian people," said Al Baath.

Arab diplomatic sources quoted by the Associated Press said Mubarak carried to Damascus a "paper" as a blueprint for a Syrian-Iraqi rapprochement. They said it proposed a meet-

ing in Cairo between the Syrian and Iraqi foreign ministers in the presence of Egyptian foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid, as a starting point for dialogue. Abdul Meguid said in Damas-

cus that "we expect good results" from the presidential summit, not only for Egypt and Syria but also for all the Arab countries and for peace and stability in the

"We're extremely happy with this visit and today's talks are for the benefit of the entire Arab Nation," said Assad's spokesman, Jibran Khourich.

Palestine Liberation Organisaby Assad greeted Mubarak at tion leader Yasser Arafat said in the United Arab Emirates Wednesday that efforts were under way to reconcile Assad and Iraqi President Saddam Hussein. But he did not say who was involved in the mediation.

An Arab diplomat in Baghdad quoted by Reuters said Iraq and Syria had agreed to stop media attacks against each other as from Wednesday.

The diplomat told Reuters the decision was taken by Baghad and Damascus at the request of

All Iraqi newspapers appeared Wednesday without any anti-Syrian comment, unusual since the rival Syrian and Iraqi factions of the Baath Party split more than 20 years ago.

"Arafat has guaranteed what (should) be a unanimous pan-Arab agreement to hold the summit in Baghdad," the diplomat was quoted as saying by Reuters. Arafat left Baghdad Tuesday

after a visit to Iraq in the course of an Arab tour to promote the idea of a Baghdad summit, probably later this month.

Iraqi President Hussein has backed the summit call to discuss what he termed "grave threats facing pan-Arab security."

The surprise Baghdad Damascus agreement on halting press attack came only two days after Iraqi Information Minister Latif Nassif Al Jassem told reporters Iraq would have nothing to do with the Syrian president.

Baghdad sources quoted by the AP also said President Hussein has ordered the official media to stop the daily anti-Syria propaganda campaign.

Syrian newspapers Wednesday contained no criticism. of Iraq.

Pretoria, ANC start talks

CAPE TOWN (Agencies) - first official meeting between the South Africa's white minority government and the African their first preliminary talks Wednesday with both sides expressing hopes for peace and an and to anartheid.

"The time has come to end gnartheid," ANC Deputy President Nelson Mandela told reporters as the talks began at a mansion in the grounds of President the hope that the expectations of F.W. de Klerk's official Cape all South Africans as well as the Town residence.

He said the three-day talks, the realised."

government and its chief opponent, "end the terrible tradition National Congress (ANC) began of dialogue between master and servant, the terrible tradition which we have to overcome."

"We are going to these negotiations in the hope and confidence that something fruitful will come of it," Mandela said. "We are all going to these discussions in a serious frame of mind and in international community will be

eliminate obstacles to formal negotiations on a new constitution and the end of white rule. sides was expected to be a major

point of discussion The ANC was banned in 1960, and began a sabotage and guerrilla campaign the next year under Mandela's leadership. Last February, de Klerk legalised the ANC, its military wing and 58 other organisations, and freed Mandela and other ANC leaders from life prison terms.

The talks were arranged to The subject of violence on both



No move to abolish Supply Ministry or lift subsidies

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN — There is no government decision to abolish or change the status of the Ministry of Supply or to lift govern-ment subsidies on basic food commodities, an official source said Wednesday.

"The Ministry of Supply has very important role to play and there is no decision whatsoever to abolish it or change its status," said the official. speaking on condition of anonymity. By the same token, the official said, "there is no decision to reduce or lift subsidies of basic commodities," and he pointed out that the amount for subsidies to support real prices has already

been allocated in the budget. Recent reports had suggested that the government was under pressure from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) to lift its food subsidies with a view to reducing the Kingdom's 1990 budget deficit of JD 199 million. The total amount of budget allocation for subsidies for fiscal year 1990 is JD 60 million, and economists expect it to go up if the government were to keep a tight ceiling on prices of basic foodstuffs despite expected rises in international prices. Other sources said part of

the subsidies could be lifted before the end of the year. The sources could not specify which areas of the present spread of subsidies could be affected by the expected move.

The official said Jordan had not received any substantial amount of Arab financial assistance during the year, but expressed confidence that the aid, projected at \$360 million in the 1990 budget, would be forthcoming. "We will, I repeat, we will

receive Arab financial assistance," he reaffirmed, "We are going to receive some before July," he said without disclosing the amount expected. "Signs are good after His Majesty the King's recent visit

to Saudi Arabia," he added, denying unconfirmed reports that Jordan had already received an amount ranging between \$50 million to \$100 million from Rivadh. . The official also dismissed

speculation that the Jordanian dinar could be further devalued. "We can categorically

deny that any such moves are planned," he said. "The dinar has stabilised at the present (exchange) rate, and there is no need" for any devaluation,

The official confirmed that there could be a limited cabinet change after noting that Planning Minister Awni Masri had submitted his resignation. "There could be some limited changes in the wake of the resignation, but I do not expect any major

reshuffle at all," he said.
According to the official, the government is studying applications for licensing new magazines and other publications other than daily newspapers, which could be licensed only after the proposed national charter is completed and ratified. However, he said, "political and economyoriented publications could be licensed only after forther study." The official also disclosed that an amended press and publications law had been drafted and is currently under study by the minister of information, but he declined to make any specific comments on the highlights of the prop-

MPs vote against limiting House agenda

By Salameh Ne'matt Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Lower House of Parliament members Wednesday decided against a proposal to limit their agenda for the upcoming extraordinary session which they called for in a memorandum to His Majesty King Hussein at the end of the House's ordinary session last month.

In an informal session convened outside the parliament floor, Minister of State for Parliamentary affairs Sheikh Abdul Baqi Jammoh proposed limiting the agenda by reducing the number of issues to be tackled during the

extraordinary session. The issues for debate put forward by 55 deputies include continning investigations into financial and economic corruption, assessing and following up on the government's performance on employment, the economy, education and information policies, discussing Israeli threats to Jordan and discussing draft laws that are proposed by the govern-

Jammoh suggested that the House focus its attention on discussing legislative matters rather than policy issues "that are primarily the government's do-

He said that the government would refer to the house 12 draft laws including amendments to the 1935 defence law, a provisional law on illegal profiteering, provisional laws on imports and universities, amendments to the lav on higher education, amendments to the military service law, a law abolishing the National Medical Institute, amendments to the economic crime punishment law, a provisional law for commercial agents and intermediaries, amendments to the higher court of justice law, and a

(Continued on page 5)

t dead in

KHAN YOUNIS, occupied Gaza Strip (Agencies) — Plainclothes Israeli soldiers shot dead a Palestinian in the occupied Gaza Strip Wednesday as he wrote graffiti on mosque walls hailing Arabs who died fighting Israel,

Palestinian witnesses said. "Go forward martyrs' convoy," two activists of the Palestinian uprising scrawled in the town of Khan Younis before three security men.in a commandeered Arab car opened fire,

witnesses told Reuters. Official military sources said an army force shot dead a masked Palestinian identified as Abdul Latif Sakka, 23, after he refused orders to halt during a "routine

arrest procedure." Palestinian sources reported earlier that a second Palestinian was critically wounded in the pre-dawn shooting but later said he was arrested unharmed.

Palestinians said both were activists of the Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas, Their slogans called for a commercial strike in Khan Younis Thursday in memory of three Arabs killed by troops in the Jabalya refugee camp Thursday.

Some 130 Palestinians were shot and wounded in the same clash on the feast of 'Eid Al Fitr. The Israelis took Sakka's body, still masked, in a white Peugeot 404, with distinctive licence plates

issued to Arabs, they said. Palestinians said sporadic clashes erupted in Khan Younis after the killing. The army sent in reinforcements backed by a military spotter plane but troops refrained from shooting, they said.

dent of Islamic law. An Israeli human rights group said Wednesday soldiers raiding a West Bank village grabbed two Palestinians, smeared their faces with paint and forced them to sing a Hebrew song.

Shakka was a university stu-

An army spokesman said military police were investigating the case of alleged abuse reproted by

The Jerusalem-based centre also criticised the army practice of seizing Arab houses for observation points. Its monthly report said troops frequently damaged property, defecated or dumped garbage on roofs and stairways and violated Arab customs concerning modesty of

The Human Rights Centre. known as Btselem in Hebrew, said the number of Palestinians killed by troops has decreased from an average 25 per cent in the first two years of the uprising to the Israel Information Centre for about 10 per cent in the past six Human Rights in the Occupied months.

Sarid: Shamir plans **14 new settlements**

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — A leftist Israeli legislator accused Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir Wednesday of planning at least 14 new Jewish settlements on the occupied territories once he forms a right-wing government.

"I have details of 14 planned settlements. It could be 15 or 16. He may deny it but I have the details," said Yossi Sarid of the opposition Citizens Rights Movement, who last month exposed covert government funding of a Jewish settlement in Jerusalem's Christian quarter.

Shamir, trying to form a coalition of rightist and religious parties, Wednesday met far-right political leaders who have demanded more Israeli settlement in the West Bank and Gaza Strip despite world condemnation. The issue could further strain

relations with the United States. Shamir's "national unity" cabinet fell in March over his reluctance to accept U.S. proposals for firstever peace talks with Palestinians

The small rightist parties -

Tehiya (Renaissance), Moledet (Homeiand) and Tsomet (Crossroads) - were demanding that

the new government reject

Secretary of State James Baker's

initiative outright, Israel radio

In an interview this week, Shamir said he regretted Israel could not afford massive Jewish settlement in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip because of financial needs for a record influx of Soviet Jewish immigrants.

Sarid said right-wing and religious politicians claiming a Biblical "birthright" to the occupied land would seek unbridled settlement now that Shamir was no longer constrained by sharing power with the dovish Labour

"Shamir had his hands tied by Labour in the coalition. This time the rightists will insist as part of a deal to help Shamir form a government," he told Reuters.

Shamir said Monday he would seek a narrow centre-right coalition and not ask Labour to join. | formation office.

Lithuania seeks French, W. German mediation

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Lithuaman President Vytautas Landsbergis Wednesday appealed to the leaders of France and West Germany to belp persuade Moscow to start talks with the breakaway republic on its independence bid.

In a message read to the Lithuanian parliament, Landsbergis also expressed his willingness to freeze "some of the effects" of laws bolstering the republic's March 11 declaration

of independence. But he said the declaration itself was sacred.

Landsbergis's letters were in response to a joint message from French President Francois Mitterrand and West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl last Thursday urging patience and cantion on Lithuania in its independence

"The main point is to ask them to convey to the Soviet government that we really want to sit down at the negotiating table, said Rita Dapkus, an official at the Lithuanian parliament's in-

"We might be willing to freeze some of the effects of our resolutions." she said. But Dapkus said the letter ex-

plicitly stated that "all questions are negotiable except for the March 11 deciaration itself." The text was due to be released after the letter to Mitterrand had been handed over in Paris later Wednesday. The other letter was

due to be sent to Kohl through the West German embassy in Moscow. Landsbergis told the parliament Wednesday the two leaders asked "for our agreement to suspend those consequences which are more unacceptable to the Soviet Union," according to

nian television editor. The parliament, known as the supreme council, took no formal vote on Landsbergis' letter, Tuskenis said.

Eduardas Potashinskas, a Lithua-

He said the chamber offered no objections. Potashinskas also said the chamber backed the letter. Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev has declared the independence declaration invalid.

taken w cording "

(R) — Former American hostage Frank Reed was held with up to six other Westerners at times during his 43 months in captivity in Lebanon, his wife said Wednesday.

After a reunion with her husband at a U.S. military hospital in Wiesbaden Tuesday, Syrian-born Fahima (Fifi) Reed also said he was angry "with everybody" that he and other hostages were held

for so long.

Mrs. Reed told a news conference he had been moved frequentiv and was held sometimes. alone, sometimes with five or six other hostages.

She could not identify the other hostages but confirmed her husband had seen American journalist Terry Anderson, the longestbeld Western hostage in Lebanon, at some point during his

Reed, 57, who was released in Beirut Monday and flown to West Germany, is believed to have left behind in Lebanon 15 other Western hostages, six of them American. Anderson, an Associated Press correspondent, was kidnapped in March 1985.

Khamenei against talks with U.S.

NICOSIA (R) — Iran's spiritual leader Ayatollah Ali Khamenei

spoke out Wednesday against the notion of direct contacts with

the United States. "Those who think we must open negotiations

with the United States are either simple-minded or terrified," the

Iranian News Agency (IRNA) quoted Khamenei as saying in a

speech to teachers. He was referring to a row that broke out last

week over the government's attitude towards Washington amid

efforts to release Western hostages held by pro-Iranian militants

in Lebanon. Vice-President Ataollah Mohajerani argued in an

article published in the Ettelaat newspaper Thursday that Iran

should not deprive itself of the benefits of direct contact with the

United States. Hardliners attacked his article as a sell-out to the

"great Satan" — the late Ayatollah Khomeini's phrase for the

United States - and Tehran University students held a rally to

condemn it. Mohajerani acknowledged in a rejoinder Tuesday

that his article was not inspired by President Ali Akbar Hashemi

Rafsanjani or anyone else. But he defended its content and said Rafsanjani approved of public debate over the issue.

ALGIERS (R) - U.S. Assistant Secretary of State John Kelly

discussed bilateral ties and the Lebanese and Middle East

conflicts Tuesday night with Algerian Foreign Minister Sid

Ahmad Ghozali, a U.S. embassy spokeswoman said. Algeria

plays a leading diplomatic role in Arab efforts to end the

15-year-old civil war in Lebanon and enjoys wide influence with

key players in the Middle East conflict. Commercial ties between

the two countries are growing largely due to Algerian imports of

U.S. wheat and U.S. imports of Algerian gas. Kelly, appointed a

year ago, is on a familiarisation tour of North Africa, the

RABAT (R) — Crown Prince Sidi Mohammad, elder son of King

Hassan of Morocco, and Foreign Minister Abdul Latif Filali left

Rabat Wednesday for Abu Dhabi on an official visit to the United

Arab Emirates, an official source said. They will also pay official

ROME (AP) - Libya's official news agency said Wednesday that

two West Germans were being interrogated in connection with

the mysterious fire at a Libyan chemical plant in March. West

German companies had helped build the plant, which the United

States claims produced poison gas. Libya says the facility in

Rabta, 60 miles southwest of Tripoli, produces pharmaceuticals.

Immediately after the March 15 fire, Libyan leader Col. Muam-

mar Qadhafi had threatened to retaliate against West Germany if

its agents had set the blaze. West Germany denied any responsi-

bility. The Libyan News Agency (JANA) identified the Germans

as a company executive and a technician for the same firm. The

report, monitored in Rome, was attributed by JANA to "sources

at the General People's Committee of Justice." In West Ger-

many, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said he was checking on the

report. The West German embassy in Tripoli, reached by

telephone from Rome, said no officials were available for

2 Germans questioned over Rabta fire

Moroccan prince visits Gulf states

Kelly holds talks in Algeria

spokeswoman said.

visit to Kuwait and Iraq.

'He was sure the others were all out and when he found out they weren't he was very, very poset," his wife said.

"He is very angry. He is angry with everybody for the length of time that he was kept and the length of time the others were kept and (because) the others are still there too."

She was unclear about details and later appeared to correct herself, saying: "He thought most of them were released."

Mrs. Reed avoided a direct answer when asked if her husband believed Washington could have done more to secure his

"Everybody should have done something. He was angry with everybody," she said. Describing their reunion, she

added: "There was a moment of complete silence. None of us said word. It was just hugging, hugging, hugging. I thought 'it's real and I don't believe it'." Mrs. Reed said she had not

discussed the details of his captivity. "I let him talk about the things he wanted to talk about He wanted to talk and talk and talk. To tell the truth, to see him

Reed was kept bound and blindfolded almost continuously throughout his captivity, but the blindfold was occasionally removed for around an hour and a half in the evening, she said: "He refused to watch TV or

read books. Those things are so trivial compared with the freedom that's been swept away," she

He had been well fed. Asked if he had been well-treated, she replied: "Some days, Many of the guards were nice to him." He did not know who his kidnappers

Reed, headmaster of the Lebanese International School, was abducted on Sept. 9, 1986. He was freed by a group called the Organisation of Islamic Dawn. The group said he was carrying a message for the U.S. covernment.

A group called Friends of John McCarthy quoted Reed Wednesday, as saying British hostage McCarthy and Irish hostage Brian Keenan are well.

talking that much, I got tired hostage's friend, Jill Morrell, Wednesday and told them he had seen McCarthy and Keenan

Saturday, the group said.
"They are both well. They have some minor health problems. They exercise daily and read voraciously," Reed said,

according to the group.

The friends of John McCarthy said Reed told McCarthy's father and Ms. Morrell that John is apparently aware of the campaign on his behalf.

A top pro-Iranian Hizbollah official said Wednesday Washington should now act to insure Israel frees Arab prisoners if it wanted the six remaining U.S. hostages in Lebanon to be re-

The official, who refused to be named, said the release in the past two weeks of Americans Robert Polhill and Reed was a direct result of Iranian pressure on hostage-takers in Lebanon.

The Hizbollah (Party of God) is believed to be the umbrella group under which the pro-Iranian hostage-takers operate. The Shi'ite Muslim group has consis-Reed telephoned McCarthy's tently denied any role in the father, Pat McCarthy, and the kidnappings.

Western Sudan faces MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF severe food shortage

KHARTOUM (AP) - A poor harvest, inadequate livestock and a continuing flood of refugees from Sudan's civil war and fighting in Chad have caused serious

Officials said they fear wideweeks among the 4.5 million people in Darfur, the sprawling mostly desert region in the country's extreme west.

Peter Orat, Sudan's minister for relief and refugee affairs, discussed the problem Tuesday with representatives of Western donor organisations. The official Sudan News Agency (SUNA) said Wednesday they agreed to deliver urgently 3,750 tons of food to

But the government's early warning system, a newsletter that forecasts relief needs, said the production shortfall in Darfur will total 51,000 tons.

Sudan's military leader, Lt.-Gen. Omar Al Bashir, promised hunger problems in western during a tour of Darfur last spread starvation in coming November to provide 50,000 tons of sorghum, the Sudanese stapple. He has not delivered, apparently because of lack of trucks and fuel.

In February, the British relief organisation, Oxfam reported in a survey that Darfur faces "serious problems in terms of food, and malnutrition should be expected in the coming months." The Relief and Rehabilitation Commission said serious

shortages already are occurring.

Dole questions housing guarantees for Israel

WASHINTON (R) -- Se Tuesday questioned plans to provide \$400 million in housing loan guarantees for Israel, complaining that they would be costly to the United States and amounted to a "blank cheque."

Dole, who has clashed several times in the past with Israel and its supporters, said the United States should press Israel for information on how the housing loans would be used.

He made his comments in the Senate, where criticism of Israel and of U.S. aid to the Jewish state is rare.

The loan guarantees, contained in a spending bill approved by the Senate Tuesday, are to help Israel raise loans to build housing for a flood of new immigrants from the Soviet Union.

Dole said he supported the concept but asked why the usual loan fee for such guarantees had been partially waived for Israel. He said he had received an informal estimate from an official of the Agency for International Development that the waiver would cost the United States \$25 million to \$30 million.

Dole also cited estimates he said he had received from the

connice una Republican leader Robert Dole in the long run the guarantees would cost the United States more than \$400 million in U.S. aid and other expenditure He also said that because the

guarantees contained no conditions, they could be used to support luxury bousing in Israel instead of homes for low-income families.

Dole suggested that Israel should be required to remove tariffs on U.S.-supplied housing building material.

This is, in effect, a blank cheque in terms of how the loans can be used in supporting a housing programme." Dole said.

He said Congress should require the administration to seek information about Israel's plans.

Earlier this year, Dole upset Israel's supporters with a suggestion that aid to Israel - the largest U.S. aid recipient at \$3 billion a year - and other major recipients be cut and the money switched to Eastern Europe and elsewhere.

He also criticised a recent congressional resolution asserting that Jerusalem should be Israel's capital, saying his support of it had been a mistake.

Eritrean war enters decisive stage

By Reid G. Miller The Associated Press

MASSAWA, Ethiopia (AP) -Day and night, heavy artillery stage.' and tank barrages thunder along In a a 150-kilometre front in the decisive battle of the Eritrean civil

Mariam and the Eritrean Peo- the rebels. ple's Liberation Front (EPLF). which for almost 30 years has fought for the independence of than 100,000 strong, is sur-Ethiopia's northernmost province rounded in the highlands around of Eritrea.

tant rumble is clearly heard in the south and east.

Massawa, a strategic Red Sea Another major insurgent force, port 60 kilometres away.

The rebels appear to have the upper hand in a struggle in which each side has a different goal. The government's immediate objective is to retake Massawa. It

launched a major new offensive in their long war of secession.

that has cost tens of thousands of the adjoining provinces of Wollo The Ghinda front straddles the only road from Asmara to Massa-

to the Red Sea.

Rebels claim

NAIROBI, Kenya (AP) — Erit-

rean rebels, waging their largest

offensive in 29 years of war, claim

they sank an Ethiopian navy ves-

sel in an attack on a small Red

In a clandestine radio broad-

cast Wednesday, the Eritrean

People's Liberation Front said a

rebel "naval force" sank the ship-

Kaleb at Tio Port, halfway be-

tween Massawa and Assab, the

The broadcast, monitored in

Kenya's capital, Nairobi, gave no

further description of the ship. It

was not possible to independently

verify the rebels claim and the

government rarely comments on

The Eritreans launched the

offensive Feb. 8 and three days

later captured the port of Massa-

wa, gateway to Ethiopia's north-

Since the fighting began, the

rebels have reported a series of

battlefield victories, including

sinking or capturing 12 of the

government's naval fleet of two

The rebels are waging a three-

decade-old war for the independ-

ence of Eritrea, a former Italian

colony annexed to the Horn of

Africa nation in 1962 by the late

Ethiopian rebels said Monday

they had captured a strategic gar-

Emperor Haile Selassie.

frigates and 21 patrol boats.

ernmost province of Eritrea.

broadcasts by the insurgents.

country's two major ports.

sinking

Ethiopian

warship

Sea port.

the progress of the war, the government in Addis Ababa acknowledged last Friday that the battle had "reached a decisive final

In mid-February, shortly after the rebels took Massawa, President Mengistu told parliament war, Africa's longest-running that failure to recapture Massawa would mean the loss of his 2nd The antagonists are the govern- Revolutionary Army, the loss of ment of President Mengistu Haile Asmara and the loss of Eritrea to

That now seems likely. Mengistu's 2nd Army, more Asmara. Its only remaining supp-So fierce are the exchanges on ly route is a tenuous air link from the Ghinda front that their disgovernment-held territory far to

the Tigre People's Liberation Front (TPLF), has tied up Mengistu's remaining armies in an offensive that has taken the Tigreans to within 160 kilometres of the capital of Addis Ababa.

was captured by the Eritreans on The Ethiopian government Feb. 11 three days after they claims, and the Eritrean rebels freely acknowledge, that the two insurgent offensives have been The rebels seek something coordinated. The Tigrean rebels more — the capture of their began theirs last August, sweepancient, hallowed provincial ing south and west and out of capital of Asmara and the end to their stronghold of Tigre pronearly three decades of conflict vince, just south of Eritrea, into and Gondor.

Isayas Afeworki, the general secretary of the Eirtrean rebel wa, a two-lane ribbon of asphalt movement, says his strategy is torunning 100 kilometres from the bleed Mengistu's 2nd Army dry provincial capital to this port city, on the Ghinda front, then retake one of only two Ethiopian outlets the offensive.

"There is no hope for the In a rare pronouncement on Dergue (government) to take

motivated by desperation."

committed its last reserves in main. sions on the line, he said.

The battle of Ghinda is aimed at depleting the Ethiopian army of men and material" Afeworki said. "At the stage that is completed, we will retake the offen-

A new offensive, aimed at Asmara from the south, already tive in the world today."

is under way, but it is unclear if it The rebels claim they have ment garrisons south of Asmara and behind the Ghinda front. The Eritreans claim the new move as their own.

Afeworki described the Ethiopian attempt to retake Massawa as "a typical Russian tactic of trying to break through the centre while maintaining pressure on the flanks. They are trying to overex-

But Afeworki and other rebel leaders said the 2nd Army's only access to the lowland plains leading to the Red Sea is through a few, narrow mountain roads that the rebels can easily choke.

"They can't move their tanks and artillery down those paths," slopes unprotected.

They have to get through our

"I think what they are doing is then our miniefields. Then our fighters pop up out of their bank-He said the 2nd Army had ers and chew up those that re-

Eritrea, the 21st and 22nd divisions, in an attempt to force a army had made three major breakthrough on the Ghinda attempts to retake Massawa in front. It already had seven divi- the past month. "It has been a futile, suicidal effort."

In recent testimony to a Senate possibly the largest in terms of combatants and the most destruc-

is being pursued by the Entreans inflicted some 13,000 engulations in or the Tigreans. Ethiopia claims a nearly a month of lighting along the Ghinda front, including 6,000 ward, overrunning three governnumbers about their own losses, but Afeworki said they were less than a 10th of those of Ethiopian

> Ethiopia's armed forces are the largest in black Africa, numbering 315,800. Most soldiers are conscripts, often rushed into battle with no more than a few weeks of training and little desire to fight. They have been equipped with more than \$5 billion worth of Soviet military hardware

over the past decade. The International Institute for Strategic Studies, based in London, estimates the Entrean rebel force at 30,000, the Tigreans at said one rebel leader. "So they 20,000. They are equipped almost lay down artillery barrages, then exclusively with tanks, artillery send their infantry down the pieces and light arms and

emmunition captured from the

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London expels another Iranian

LONDON (AP) - Britain has that this would be conducive to pubexpelled an Iranian graduate stu-dent as a security risk, the Home Office said Wednesday. Manouchehr Fadavi Ardestani,

studying for his doctorate in mechanical engineering in Man-chester, was the 10th Iranian ordered out of Britain this year. The Home Office said his deportation was ordered on April

26 and he left Heathrow Airport for Tehran Tuesday night. "He was deported on grounds

It refused to give any other details about Ardestani. The British government announced on Feb. 1 that it had ordered nine Iranians, including

state-run television network, to dent." leave by Feb. 9 for reasons of national security. The Home Office said all nine left.

security," the Home Office said.

It refused to give any other de Ardestani's arrival in Tehran Wednesday morning, said "the dimer British government once again demonstrates its hostility against welet the Islamic revolution by expelithe London bureau chief of Iran's ing another Iranian Muslim stu- Wil. 756630 00

Ironically, London has repe- in mid atedly asked the Islamic Republic and to of Iran (to) help secure release of real mi Britain expelled 20 Iranians British hostages in Lebanon." Affait of ate and W

7 executives held in U.K. over alleged Iraqi 'super gun' sale

LONDON (AP) - Customs officials have arrested seven executives from two British companies under investigation for allegedly selling parts of a "super gun" to Iraq, the Customs and Excise

Department said Wednesday. Ltd. and Walter Somers Ltd., were picked up Tuesday for ques-

tioning.

er assistance," said a customs spokesman, who spoke on condition he was not identified.

rison town in northern Ethiopia and fighting was still going on. later said they could be used as the barrel of a giant gun. The radio named the garrison The Iraqi government and the as Digsa, northwest of Adi Keyih, which was captured by the

rebels last Wednesday. The radio said Digsa was captured a day before the seizure of Adi Keyih. "Fierce fighting is raging," the radio said.

11:20

16:39

Fourteen executives from the two firms, Sheffield Forgemasters

"Seven men have been arrested, were detained overnight and are continuing to assist with inquiries. The other seven were released, one of whom will return today (Wednesday) to give furth-

Eight giant tubes manufactured by Sheffield Forgemasters were seized by British customs officers on April 12 at the port of Middiesbrough and military experts

company have said they were intended for a petrochemical plant. The company has said it had government permission to sell the

pipes to Iraq. Walter Somers supplied Iraq in

October with equipment its engineers now believe may have been part of a hydraulic recoil mechanism for the gun project. Trucks heading for Iraq with

steel forgings from Walter Somers were stopped in Turkey and Greece late last month, and Greek authorities arrested the British driver. The questioning and arrests

sparked an outcry in the House of Commons Tuesday, night by lawmakers from all parties.

The Commons Trade and Industry Select Committee was due to start an inquiry into the "super gun" affair later Wednesday. The names of those arrested were not released. Government

sources said four were from Shef-

field Forgemasters and three were from Walter Somers, a subsidiary of Eagle Star. Conservative lawmaker Sir Hal Miller said he had been told that Peter Mitchell, managing

director of Walter Somers, had been arrested and initially denied access to a lawyer until his wife intervened. "I should like a government

minister to make a statement on how this comes to pass," he said. Opposition Labour Party law-

... Baghdad (1A) . Frankfurt (LH) Kuwait (KU)

maker Richard Caborn said the SON contracts the executives were being questioned about "were in Rep

Trade and Industry."

He demanded the government is localist to localist answer a series of questions about the localist answer.

the affair.

Miller said he had evidence the supporting both firms' claims of the same support

being innocent.

Britain imposed an arms embargo on Iran and Iraq during their eight-year war and has not infer their eight-year war and has not infer the been signed.

Customs officers have said the inference that the Sheffeld Forms.

tubes built by Sheffield Forge masters could be assembled it and make a 131-foot (40-metre) long to the same bore.

The company has said that the last the l

ore.
The company has said that 4 the land the land the sections of tubing have already being the delivered to Iraq, and thereby has been speculation that an every honger barrel may have been in a like tended. tended.

onger barrel may have occur as a it its conded.

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JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

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15:45	Children programme
17:10	Book of Adventure
18:00	News for the Deat
18:26	Religious programme
19:00	Health programme
19:48	Programme review
	News in Arabic
	Local series
	Programme review
	Local programme
	Arabic film
	News in Arabic
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	Molierissim
19.10	Des Chiffres et de lettres
10.30	La Chance aux chancos
18:30	La Chance aux chansons Nevus in Franch
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19:90 19:15 19:30 19:45 20:00 29:30 21:10	News in French Varieties News in Hebrew Varieties News in Arabie The Cosby Show

PRAYER TIMES

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19:21	Maghreb
20:47	'Isha
	CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfleh Tel. 810740

Assembiles of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. 637440. De la Selle Church Tcl. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tcl: 622366 Church of the Annu Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543.

. Lian Catholic Church Tel. Armeni 771331. Orthodoz Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Evangelical Lutherum Church Tel; 811295.

WEATHER

The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 815817 and 654932.

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Slight rise in temperatures will occur and winds will be northwesterly mod-erate. In Aqaba, winds will be norther-

Amman 8/2 Aqaba 14/2 Deserts 9/2 Jordan Valley 13/2 Yesterday's high temperatures: An man 19, Aqaba 26. Humidity reading Amman 36 per cent, Aqaba 23 p	•			
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USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

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ad Al 'Ajans . Dr. Mohammad Al 'Ajam ...
Dr. Bahjat Badr
Dr. Fakber Al Bilbeisi
Dr. Abdul Majid Al Sha'er Al Asema phenoi

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IRBID: Dr. Abdu Al Sharas	l Majid Al Sa ' pharmacy	babin (- (9852
ZARQA: Dr. Khan	is Al Ja'ban	

EMERGENCIE	\$
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otel Complaints	. 605301

Price Complaints 66	٤١,
Water and Sewerage Complaints	744
Amman Municipality	
Complaints	71
(directory assistance)	12
Overseas Calls	02.
Repairs 62	310
Abdali Telephone Repairs 66 Jordan Television	11(31)
Radio Jordan 7%	411
Water Authority	56)
Electric Power Company	
RJ Flight Information 08-5	320
Queen Alia Intl. Airport 98-53	320

HOSPITALS

AMMAN:	
Hussein Medical Centre	813813/32
Khafidi Matemity, J. Ama	644281/
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Jabal Amman Maternity	
Malbas, J. Amman	
Palestine, Shineisani,	
Shrocisani Piospital	
University Hospital	
Al-Museher Hospital	
The Islamic, Abdali	
Al-Abb, Abdabi	
Italian, Al-Muhajreen	
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh,	
Amsy, Marka	891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital	602240/50
Amai Hospital	
	7

Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Princess Basma Hospital .. (02)275555 Greck Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Iba Al Nafecs Hospital.... (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) Riyadh (RJ) . New Delhi (RJ) Duhai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) Doha, Bahrain (RJ) Kuwait (RJ) Cairo, Aqabe (RI) London (RI) 11:15 Longun (RJ)
Luranca (RJ)
Cairo (RJ)
Bughdad (RJ)
New York, Amsterdam (RJ) 17:30 18:00 18:00

......... Cakutta, Bangkok (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Baghdad (IA) ... Sanaa (LH) Kowait (KU) Ruyadh (SV) Muscat Bahrain (GF) Dubai (EK)

Frankfurt (LH)

..... Zurich, Larnaca (SR

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminai (1)

..... Aqaba (RJ) Rome (RJ) London (RJ) 13:15 13:45 . Cairo (RJ) ... Baghdad (RJ) Kuwait (RJ) Abu Dhabi (RJ) 21:28 22:15 Other Flights (Terminal (2)

Bahrain, Muscat (G2) 17:30 Ankara, ista Catro (MS) MARKET PRICES

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Bezas	450 / 400
Broad beans	740 / 200
Cabbage	90 / 40
Carrot	140 1300
Canliflower	190 / 100
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Cucumbers (large)	120/ 80
Cucumoers (small)	220 / 380
Dec 3	200 / 200
Eggplant	220 / 150.
Caroc	500 450
CHAPETIAN	200 / 220
	730 / 304
Lettree (per one)	140 / 100
PARILON	220 1000
MARTON (Jarge)	100 / 60
Marrow (small)	200 1140
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Onice (green)	200 / 240
Orange	AM / 150
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Orange (Shamouti)	380 / 340
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FOR FRIDAY JORDAN TELEVISION

PROGRAMME ONE

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News in Hebre

PRAYER THEES

13:32

Queen receives St. John Sta Ophtalmic Hospital group

AMMAN (I.T.) — Her Majesty including refugee camps in Gaza

Oueen Noor Al Russein Wodnes and Rafah. Queen Noor Al Hussein Wednes-day received at Basman Palace a visiting group from St. John Ophthalanc Hospital of Jerosalem m London, which is a charactel foundation of the Grand Priority of the Most Venerable Order of the Hospital of St.

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House Home of Jerusalem.

Icidal the Her Majesty Open Noor is the patron of the Friends of St. John Ophthalmic Hospital of Jerusalem and has taken part in many of the foundation's fined raising activithe large ties are used in financing the us and the hospital's mission of providing screening and eye care to villages and rural areas in the West Bank.

The hospital provides virtually free medical assistance to 50,000 out-patients a year, and performs over 5,000 major eye surgeries a year for residents of the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

With an annual budget of 1.3 million pounds, a team of specialists from the United Kingdom, the United States, Australia and Canada, run the hospital.

The hospital, the first specialis-

Cabinet studies ways to control imports/exports of live sheep

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Cabinet is currently studying the prospect of reducing customs fees imposed on the importation of five sheep which now amounts to ID 8 per head, according to a statement by Minister of Agriculture Suleiman Arabiyat.

"Should the council approve the idea or should the duty be altogether scrapped, the Ministry of Agriculture will request the Prime Ministry to allow local stock breeders to start exporting sheep without any restrictions, but exported sheep should not be less than 30 kilogrammes per head," Arabiyat said.

Arabiyat said the country should have a specific law to control the process of import of live sheep in order to provide protection to the local breeders.

The Ministry of Agriculture, in cooperation with the Ministry of Supply, had lately resorted to imports of sheep from Australia and other countries to meet the growing demand of fresh meat in the wake of a halt in shipments of fresh meat from Romania and diminishing supplies from Bulgarsday more -

Staff Reporter

al problems to the American peo-lems."

executive committee.

ing in eye treatment in the Middle East, was opened on the road to Bethlehem in 1882. In 1906, it was transferred to its present self-contained compound in Jeru-

Arabiyat, who made the

announcement to the Jordan

News Agency, Petra, said he was going to Cairo Thursday at the

nvitation of his Egyptian coun-

terpart Yousef Wali for talks on

bilateral cooperation in agricul-

ture and to tour agricultural pro-

jects in Egypt.

Arabiyat will discuss agricultu-

ral integration between Jordan

and Egypt within the context of

the four-member Arab Coopera-

tion Council (ACC) which groups

the two countries as well as Iraq

Talks will focus mainly on the

poultry industry and ways to be-

nefit from Egypt's expertise in

Earlier Wednesday Arabiyat

member states was far less than

American media establishments

to enlist their help in creating

Kamal, Falch Al Gharaybeh,

the aspired goal.

Army veterans to visit Jordan, W. Bank

AMMAN (J.T.) - A delegation representing a union of British

army veteran officers who served in Palestine during the British

mandate period is due to arrive Friday for a two-week visit to

Jordan and the West Bank, During the visit, the delegation will

visit several touristic and archaeological sites. The union, which

includes British officers who served in Palestine during the British

Mandate and World-War I and II, aims at strengthening its members' relations with the states where they spent long service

Lack of quorum defers first

ssion of friendship society

By a Jordan Times by several members to contact

AMMAN - The founding mem- awareness among the American

bers of the Jordanian-American public of the Middle East prob-

Friendship Society held their first Terns and dispell misconceptions

there was more groundwork to be "We all know the importance

done before electing their first of the American position on re-

xecutive committee. gional issues and we felt the need. The members argued that bye- to improve our media image and

laws of the society, as approved enhance our influence in the Un-

by the Ministry of Interior, would ited States," Okla said, not allow the group to be active. He added that during their enough to influence the American contacts with several American

can decision-making pocess on newspapers and the American

the political level. public at large "we found that the "One of our main objectives is American public does not know

to clarify our national and region- anything about us or our prob-

ple and administration. If we The 15 attending members de

stick to the society's current bye- cided to hold their next meeting

laws, we would be no more than a hoping it will be attended by the

charitable society," one of the remaining 12 members who were

members said at the meeting, unable to participate in Wednes-

This, however, was not the day's meeting, only reason for postponing the The founders include: Sharif

nangural session until May 22, Zaid Ben Shaker, Marwan Al

since only 15 out of the 27 found- Qasem, Husam Abu Ghazaleh,

ing members attended the meet- Abdallah Ensour, Fadel Ali Al

ing. Members agreed that more Pheid, Dr. Fawzi Ta'aimeh,

founders should attend before an Mohammad Ahmad Hamdan,

executive committee could be Abdul Rahim Al Ghbari, Dr.

formed in order to change the Daoud Hanania, Mohammad

bye-laws. Kamal, Falch Al Gharaybeh,
The society was founded with Taher Kanan, Fayez Tarawneh,

the aim of developing cultural, Issa Okla Abu Dayeh, Khaldoun

social and artistic cooperation Abn Hassan, Rajai Shkkar, Afif

and enhance the spirit of under- Al Hassan , Dr. Alfred Dayat.

standing between the peoples of Dr. Rajai Muasher, Dr. Ramzi

Jordan and the United States of Mussher, Ali Farid Al Sa'd, Ziad

America. Al Homsi, Khaled Mohammad

Okia, a founding member, told Aduan Bayoun, Jamal Al

the participants of efforts exerted Sarayrah and Edmond Adam.

In his opening remarks, Issa Kanan, George Hawatmeh,

meeting Wednesday and agreed about the region.

Jordanian holding company.

and North Yemen.

Jordan to attend ACC housing talks

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Royal Highness Prince

Faisal Ben Al Hussein Tuesday inaugurated Al

Bisharat Golf Club. Prince Faisal commended the

club and said it equals international clubs in terms

of organisation; he expressed hope that this sport

would become popular in Jordan. He said the

AMMN (Petra) - Jordan is to take part in a meeting of the Arab ministers of housing and public works in the four-member Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) countries which will be held in Baghdad on June 6, according to government decision.

this industry as well as topics Minister of Public Works and concerning the Egyptian-Housing Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh will take part in the two-day meeting along with his counteropened a meeting of a joint ACC parts in Egypt, Iraq and North agricultural committee by paying Yemen, according to the decision tribute to the close cooperation announced by the Cabinet. among the ACC countries in agri-Rawabdeh, it said, would be accompanied by Housing Cor-Arabiyat said nevertheless that poration Director-general Yousef the volume of exchanged agri-Hiyasat and a senior ministry cultural products among the ACC

> The Cabinet also said Jordan would take part in a ministerial committee meeting entrusted with examining the Arab satellite. communications organisation's agreement due to open in Algiers

The Jordanian delegation to the three-day meeting will be held by Minister of Transport and Telecommunications Ibrahim Ayoub.

According to the Cabinet, Jordan will take part in the eighth meeting of the Near East-North Africa Regional Agricultural Credit Corporation meeting for the visit.

Taleb family.

which is scheduled to open in Marakesh on May 8.

Prince Faisal inaugurates golf club

The director-general of the Agricultural Credit Corporation will lead Jordan's team to the two-day meeting.

Furthermore, the Cabinet has approved a technical cooperation agreement between Jordan and the West German Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAF) under which the latter will provide technical assistance to the Ministry of Social Development,

In the first year of the threeyear agreement, KAF will provide DM 100,000 worth of technical assistance which will benefit social development schemes in the Kingdom.

The government also announced its approval of an air transport agreement between Jordan and Canada, and authorised the director general of Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) to sign the agreement in Amman on behalf of the government.

The Cabinet's statement announced that Minister of Youth Ibrahimu Ghababsheh would visit Switzerland to discuss with the International Olympic Committee cooperation with the Jordanian National Olympic Committee. No date was named

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday delegated Chief Chamberlain Prince Raad Ben Zeid to convey

condolences to Abu Taleb family over the death of Ali Abu Taleb.

His Royal Highness Prince Hassan also delegated his advisor,

Brigadier Mohammad Njadat, to convey condolences to Abu

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday received a cable from Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak who was

crossing the Jordanian airspace heading to Syria. Mubarak wished

the King continued good health and happiness and the Jordanian

AMMAN (Petra) - Speaker of the Lower House of Parliament

Sulaiman Arar, chairman of the Arab Cooperation Council's

(ACC) parliamentary committee decided Wednesday to call the

committee for a meeting Thursday. Also Thursday, Arar called the

house's foreign affairs committee to meet the chairman of the

Belgian parliament's foreign affairs committee who is currently on

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Culture has presented

collections of books and cultural, literary, scientific and historic

magazines to several municipalities, cultural clubs and societies in

various parts of the Kingdom during the month of April. The

ministry has also presented a collection of books dealing with

various topics to Jordan Sports Federation for the Handicapped.

the National Association for Educating the Children and Al

AMMAN (Petra) - The Islamic Academy's committee will hold a

meeting Saturday under the chairmanship of Minister of Awqaf

and Islamic Affairs Ali Al Faqir to discuss some proposals and

studies concerning the academy. The committee includes as

members President of the Islamic Academy for Islamic Civilisation

Research Nassereddin Al Assad, Senators Kamel Al Sharif and

Ishaq Al Farhan, the Kingdom's General Mufti Izzeddin Al

Khatib, the Armed Forces Mufti Noah Al Qdah, deputy Aboul

Latif Arabiyyat, Dean of the University of Jordan's Faculty of

Sharia Ibrahim Zeid Al Kilani and the Orphans Fund Director-

IRBID (Petra) - Yarmouk University participated in the Amer-

ican Society for Higher Education conference held in San Francisco

recently. The university's vice president for academic affairs,

Mohammad Abu Saleh, represented the university in the confer-

ence. The university also took part in the 13th conference of the

European accounting committee which was held in Budapest,

Hungary. Dr. Sayel Ramadan, who represented the university in

the conference, said he submitted a working paper dealing with

accountancy and auditing in Jordanian institutions and industrial

general Abdul Salam Al Abbadi.

Yarmouk University attends conference

Islamic Academy committee to meet

Ministry of Culture makes gifts of books

Arar calls meetings for House members

King condoles Abu Taleb family

Mubarak sends greetings to King

people further progress and prosperity.

Muqar'in Society for Social Development.

Conference to review medicine

production

relations between the Jordanian people and the

diplomatic corps working in the Kingdom. The

prince attended matches organised in the opening

ceremony and distributed awards to winners in

the matches (Petra photo)

AMMAN (J.T.) — The fifth Jordanian pharmacists conference opened in Amman Wednesday and heard a call for a new national pharmaceutical strategy that would cater for the needs of all citizens and at the same time work in line with the ongoing economic restructuring programme in the Kingdom.

The call was contained in the main working paper submitted to the three-day conference by Jordanian pharmacist Nizar Jardaneh who chairs the Arab Federation of Producers of Arab Pharmaceutical Products and

The paper, entitled 'The Pharmacentical Policy of Jordan, said: "The present economic crisis in the Kingdom makes it imperative on us to reexamine the pharmaceutical and medicine situation in Jordan and adopt a new clear policy that would conform to the present restructuring programme and help reduce the deficit in Jordan's balance of payments by increasing exports and reducing imports.'

"High quality medicine should be made available to all citizens and Jordanians should be encouraged to use locally made medicine," Jardaneh said.

His paper presented several proposals designed to help Jordan acquire a clear pharmaceutic-

al strategy.
The conference was formally opened by Health Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben who deputised for His Royal

Highness Crown Prince Hassan.
"The Ministry of Health has succeeded through its close cooperation with the Jordan Pharmacists Association (JPA) in going a long way towards meeting the national needs of medicines," the minister said.

"The two sides have cooperated in the process of registering locally manufactured and imported medicines, in controlling dangerous drugs and in organising the local pharmacy market by fixing prices of medicine and making available most needed pharmaceutical products," Zaben

He said that health ministry had set up a special laboratory to control the quality of all drug products and had been introducing incentives for increasing ex-

"Above all JPA's close cooperation with the Ministry of Health has resulted in creating new jobs for Jordanians and attracted national capital to be invested in pharmaceutical industries," he said.

JPA President Tayseer Al Himsi addressed the conference referring to the association's continued endeavours in support of the Palestinian pharmacists in the occupied Arab territories.

Dr. Hashem Al Zaher, secretary-general of the Arab Pharmacists Federation and Abdul Munem Al Khouli, chairman of a committee which prepared the conference addressed the meeting which was organised by the IPA and is attended by 500 delegates from Jordan and other Arab countries. :

A total of 18 working papers dealing with a wide variety of topics, mainly focusing on the medicine industry and marketing in the Arab World, are to be reviewed by the delegates.

The conference, being held under the slogan: "Medicine between national industry and imports," is expected to deal with the question of pricing imported drugs in Jordan in the light of on-going disputes between the Ministry of Health and (JPA) over prices of medicine.

Unions plan 'silent march' in May for Palestinian rights

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -- In the morning of May 14, thousands of people will start marching from the monument of the unknown soldier in south Shuneh in the Jordan Valley, heading towards the King Hussein bridge demanding the right of Palestinians to return to their homeland. According to Dr. Mamdouh Abbadi, member of the popular committee for combatting emigration and settlement (of Jews to Palestine and the occupied territories).

Speaking at a press conference at the Jordan Medical Association (JMA) Wednesday, Abbadi, also president of the JMA, said the march would follow a two-day conference on combatting Jewish immigration and settlement in occupied Palestine and on the human rights of Palestinians.

The conference, scheduled to open May 12 under the patronage of His Majesty King Hussein, will include Arab professional and trade union leaders.

"Two hundred Arab union leaders are expected to join the march, as well as representatives from Lower and Upper Houses of Parliament, the Palestine National Council (PNC), the Jordan Popular Committee for the Support of the Intifada, Palestinian deportees and the committees of public freedoms from the Lower House and the Jordanian professional unions, all of whom have adopted

He added that the march was open to all Jordanian and Palestinian public and that those who actually join will determine the number of marchers. Abbadi expressed his hope that no less than 20,000 people would be walking to-

wards the bridge. He added that representatives from the Lower House of Parliament were approaching the concerned officials in granting a day off to all university, college and school students to enable them to participate in the march that day.

Abbadi said the main aim of the march was to "awaken the people of the serious dangers imposed as a result of the Soviet and East European Jewish immigration and settlement in occupied Palestine - a danger not only for the occupied territories, but also for Jordan and all Arab neighbouring

He added it was important to include the Arab union leaders in such an activity "because they can pressure their governments to take real action to try to stop the Jewish immigration to the occupied territories.

He said the other objective of the march is to "awaken the people's" awareness to the rights of Palestinians to return to Palestine.

Abbadi explained that the marchers would walk "as far as the government allows us." He did not elaborate, but it is expected that the protestors will be allowed to reach as far as the Jordanian side of the

address the crowd on the two issues adopted by the committee of the march when they reach the destination," Abbadi

When asked if the marchers would attempt to continue to Jerusalem as is planned by American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC) march in June, Abbadi said: "Do you think that a people who demand the right to return to Palestine would be able to break though the barriers of the bridge unless there was approval from the Israeli authorities? The enemy would not allow entering the occupied territories unless there was coordination with them. And we do not coordinate with

the enemy."

He explained that banners would be carried by the marchers and the march is planned to be a silent one. "But if people want to chant slogans or sing nationalist songs, they are welcome to do so," Abbadi

He said the popular committee for the combat of emigration and settlement, which was established three months ago when the Americans stopped allowing Jewish immigration to the United States and helped Israel in absorbing them in Palestine." will not provide transportation to south Shuneh where the march will be laun-

He explained that there was coordination with the Public Security Department to keep order and ensure that no one will "loose control."

Tawjihi

June 25.

final exam

June 12-25

AMMAN (J.T.) — An

announcement by the Ministry of

Education Wednesday said the

second and final examination ses-

sion for the Tawjihi students in

the 1989-1990 scholastic year will

begin in Amman and other cities

in Jordan on June 12 and end on

The announcement said that

students taking practical ex-

aminations, like typing, will sit for examination on May 21 and

dents were registered for the first

term examination which was held

last January and the same num-

ber of students is expected to sit

for the second term examination

Ministry of Education officials

said 857 examination halls would

be made ready for the students

who sit for exams in the litera-

ture, science, commerce, agricul-

ture, industrial, nursing and hotel

Last January, the ministry said,

6,500 students were absent from

one or more examination, but

finish it in four days.

in the coming month.

management streams.

A total of

to be held

commission to meet

ber Royal Commission entrusted with drafting a national charter to guide the democratisation process in Jordan will hold its second meeting at the Royal Court Saturday, according to an official

The commission members are expected to hear a report by a sub-committee on draft laws which are deemed necessary to organise the commission's work procedures, according to the

In its first session held at the Royal Court on April 21, the commission elected Suleiman Hadidi, a nationalist lawver and referendum. Ishaq Al Farhan a member of the Upper House of Parliament and

House of Palriament and former foreign minister Taher Al Masri was named rapporteur. According to commission

sources, several other meetings will be held during which different views of the members will be discussed. Obeidat, who was named com-

mission chairman by His Majesty King Hussein on April 9, was quoted as saying that the commission could take several months to discuss before reaching consensus on a national charter which will be put to the vote in a general

Obeidat said the charter was expected to crystallise standing external affairs and set the stage

Committee reviews Civil Aviation laws

AMMAN (J.T.) — The flight operations committee of the air safety committee report re-Arab Air Carriers Organisation (AACO) opened a two-day meeting in Amman Wednesday to discuss internal laws and regulations and means of unifying Civil Aviation operational and training

The two-day meeting is also dedicated to reviewing reports by the AACO's three technical committees on training, air safety and

Royal Jordanian (RJ), the

According to RJ officials, the views activities by the committee over the past year. These include air space monitoring on the part of all Arab airports dangerous materials carried by Arab nationjurisdiction.

will exchange information on air crashes during the past year. Reports to be submitted by the committee will treat the subjects of personnel training and of medical services.

On the flight operations committee are members who represent the national airlines of Jordan, the United Arab Emirates, Saudi Arabia, Lebanon, North Yemen, South Yemen, and Syria.

they have a second chance in the coming scholastic year for exal airlines and the areas of pilots' aminations they failed to take. The director of the Ministry of Education's Examination De-In addition, the participants partment said that according to the current regulations the result of each session will be calculated out of 50, so that by adding the two, the final resutl will be out of

> The Ministry of Education plans to scrap the present two session examination system in three years from now.

A ministry statement said last December that as of the 1993-94 scholastic year, Tawiihi students will be sitting for only one examination session at school year

The plan, the ministry said, will be in implementation of the 1987 national educational conference's resolutions which also provided for a set of modernisation programmes to overhaul the education system in Jordan.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the

Witness) at the Royal Cultural Centre - 4:00 p.m.

Charitybarner displaying brass and woodworks, ceramics, photos and pointings depicting the Jordanian environment and Islande and cultural books at Al 'Awda Club, Zarqu.

* Feature film entitled "Who Framed Roger Rabbit" at the

listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

THEATRE

* Children play in Arabic entitled "Al Shahed" (The

BAZAAR

FLH

American Centre - 7:00 p.m.

King Hussein bridge. march," Abbadi told journal-National charter AMMAN (J.T.) — The 60-mem-Serving member of the Lower Medical Appliances.

announcement here Wednesday.

the Muslim Brotherhood as the policies for Jordan's domestic and first and second assistants to commission Chairman Ahmad for action in the future.

programmes.

medical services.

cially in air safety.

national airline's president and chief executive officer Husam Abu Ghazaleh opened the meetings with a speech underlining the importance of cooperation and coordination between Arab airlines in various areas and espe-

QAF members to attend course

AMMAN (J.T.) - Queen Alia Social Welfare Fund (QAF) will take part in an advanced training course for kingdergartens' supervisors organised by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) in cooperation with Brunswik New College in Canada. Representing OAF in the two-week course are Rabab Al Qubbaj and Laila Al Sayegh who have already left for Canada. The course programme includes workshops in various fields of the nurseries activities as well as lectures and field trips.



Economic Forum

ز يومية عربية سباسية مستقلة تصدر بالانجليزية عن الترسسة الصحفية الأردنية

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Reflections and hopes

JORDAN Wednesday marked His Majesty King Hussein's assumption of constitutional powers. During the 37 years of His Majesty's reign, Jordan achieved tremendous progress in all fields and at all levels. The country went through profound transformation from an underdeveloped country to a state with a considerable degree of sophistication in contemporary statehood. Throughout King Hussein's reign, the country maintained itself as an oasis of moderation and stability. This remarkable achievement was made possible under the wise leadership of the King. Jordan's success story has often been the subject of emulation by countries all over the world. Many theses were advanced to explain the ability of a small country to stay moderate and stable in a sea of turmoil in spite of many hurdles. The unanimous conclusion of all these studies point to the King, both as a monarch and a person, as being the very catalyst for the harmonious development of the country.

Whether it was King Hussein's early steps to consolidate the Kingdom's independence through the Arabisation of the Armed Forces or his historic decision to sever legal and administrative ties with the West Bank to bolster the Palestinian identity, the past 37 years came to a climax when he made the bold step towards reviving democracy in Jordan. Contemporary historians would certainly record the King's verdict that the time was ripe to enhance the country's political life in parallel with all the economic and social developments that have been achieved in the past four decades. By this timely decision to initiate the democratisation process the King has ushered in a completely new era in Jordan's history. How Jordanians would nurse this new political experience would determine its viability and durability. But, of course, with the King's wisdom and experience and the Jordanian people's political maturity, one would enthusiastically hope that the Kingdom will eventually surpass all the problems that it faces at present and will triumph in its quest to become a fully modernised and democratic state.

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

AL Ra'i daily on Tuesday paid tribute to His Majesty King Hussein for his endeavours to serve the Arab Nation over the past 37 years of his assuming constitutional powers. The paper also voiced the Jordanian people's appreciation of the efforts exerted by the workers who were instrumental in helping Jordan achieve progress and development. The joint efforts of the leader and the workers through the long march towards construction and development over the past decades have no doubt borne fruit and yielded excellent results represented in the present stability in the Kingdom and the democratic rule which the country now enjoys. said the paper. The paper referred to the projected national charter which, it said, will no doubt infuse further efforts towards democracy and towards national unity and progress for the country. As Jordan celebrates the 37th anniversary of King Hussein's assumption of his constitutional powers and Labour Day, the paper said, the people of Jordan look forward towards further accomplishments as a result of close cooperation between the leadership and the workers and between the monarch and his

Writing in Al Ra'i Tuesday columnist Tareq Masarweh calls on parliament to enact a special law, allowing the government to flush out the sources of evil and the corrupt officials who still hold senior positions in government departments. The writer says that certain elements of evil and corrupt officials who have now lost their power to pursue their underhand dealings and their embezzlement of public funds are now trying to make a return to the public scene through different means. All those responsible for the loss of millions of dinars on losing projects and all those officials who wittingly approved of deals that were meant to make the country suffer, should be flushed out and removed from office and tried, says the writer. He notes that although the country is now enjoying an atmosphere of democracy, the general atmosphere remains poisoned with the presence of evil elements in their former positions in public or private organisations. The writer emphasises that since the people of Jordan are now paying the price, and are suffering from heavy debts and soaring prices, it is only just and fair that the representatives of the people should see that the elements of evil are removed from the scene.

Sawt Al Shaab daily said that Labour Day reminds Jordanians of the great efforts exerted by the workers in urban and rural areas, in factories and farms and in construction. The paper said that respect and appreciation of the workers can be displayed through respect of their production and through true commitment on the part of the Jordanian society to grant workers their full right and their legitimate share in the process of enhancing democracy in the country. There is no doubt, said the paper, that in an atmosphere of greater democracy, the workers can and will increase their production. The paper paid tribute to the government for allowing the workers to form unions of every kind because such moves can only bolster the democratic rule in the

Third World debt: looming explosion

problem that will certainly go with us into the 21st century. The third quarter of this century had seen the explosion of foreign aid which started with the Marshall Plan for Europe before reaching the Third World and turning into what was termed as aid fatigue. The industrialised countries discovered that aid was not doing the conceived job. Ridiculously enough, certain statistical gimmicks were employed to show that aid had even an adverse effect on economic growth in less developed coun-

tries (LDCs). At a certain point in the seventies, assistance from developed nations to LDCs took the form of loans, at relatively soft terms in the beginning and at pretty commercial ones later

ties pushed interest rates up and this led to a hardening of borrowing terms and an escalation in the burdens of servicing Third World debt. Now, this debt had swollen into something like \$1,200 billion.

The Third World debt has had two characteristic features which must be very annoying to all parties concerned. First, debt has been growing steadily and this growth took place even after the world awoke to the debt crisis and the real dangers of default by Third World debtor countries. Second, given the present terms of the outstanding debt and the present attitudes of creditor countries, based mainly on unforgiveness, the Third World debt will grow inde-

contracted life of loans extended to LDCs is 12 years and the average interest rate on them is 10 per cent. This means that the service of Third World debt in terms of principal repayments and interest payments amounts to something like \$200 billion per annum. Of course, this figure dwarfs any growth figures of the exports of debtor countries. Now remember that the combined total exports of goods and services of all developing countries, including non-debtor ones, is less than

pens, the debt may start to

their debt of \$1,200 billion, which means that these exports can outgrow that debt only if they grow at more than 16 per cent on a sustained basis for a very long time. If that hap-

tra export proceeds are used to repay outstanding loans. And that is only a "start": the end of the march is something else. Thus the international debt problem has been perpetuated under the present terms of this debt and the present attitudes of creditor countries. · If the growth of debtor coun-

tries export proceeds is not sufficient to service their externai debt, then they must resort to more external borrowing in order to avoid default. Because no party wants them to default, debtor countries have been able to shop more external loans used for repaying old ones, commonly under the IMF-sponsored rescheduling mechanisms. But repayments are greater than fresh borrowings. This is the debt trap.

Thus the last quarter of the 20th century witnessed the evolution of what may be termed a new sort of world feudal system with landlords of creditor countries and workpeople of debtor ones. If developing countries are to give \$200 billion of their gross domestic product in way of debt service, the fruits of their future economic development will be reaped by advanced countries and the living standards of their peoples will stagnate not to say deteriorate. It is not fanciful to say here that this situation sows the seeds of worldwide tension and entices state or country struggle which

will supplant class struggle. The above-mentioned "present attitude of creditor countries" is instrumental in this contest. This attitude is cen-

tred around unforgiveness which maintains that debts must be repaid if international economic relations are not to be undermined. Writing debts off sets a very dangerous pre-cedent as it lures debtors not to repay and, thereafter, creditors not to lend and thus the international payments mechanism is stalled. This is true but unfortunately does not solve the explosive problem of Third World debt. Sooner of later, an alternative to both writing this debt off and paying it fully under its present terms must be worked out or the entire world will have to face the consequences. Example: Rescheduling over long periods of 30 or 40 years even with no grace periods and voluntary or compulsory writing-offs in well-defined cases.

By Dr. Abdalla Malki

U.S. says all-Europe security system can't replace NATO

By Patrick Worsnip Reuter

WASHINGTON — The United States, not convinced that the Soviet threat has been eliminated by Eastern bloc changes, is trying to strangle at birth any idea that a рап-Ентореал security system should replace NATO. As the Western alliance faces

up to key meetings on its future, with some questioning whether it is still needed now the East-West "iron crutain" has crumbled, U.S. officials are saying that while NATO may have to adapt,

"All of us would want to buy a cheap insurance policy if one were offered, and NATO is one," says James Dobbins, principal deputy assistant secretary of state for European and Canadian

A European collective security system has long been a Soviet objective but was rejected in the past by the West as an attempt to get American troops out of Europe and allow Moscow to dominate the continent. Now, with Soviet troops pull-

ing out of Eastern Europe, the emerging democracies there and some Western politicians have suggested the 35-nation Conference on Security and Coopera-tion in Europe (CSCE) could step up its security role. East German Prime Minister

Lothar de Maiziere, while supporting membership of the expected unified Germany in the Western alliance, last week attacked "old style bloc thinking" and said: "What we need is a common European security

But U.S. officials say it is unrealistic to replace a multinational alliance with a CSCE system that would be based on each country's national forces individually.

"(The Soviets) want to take a collective defence arrangement, NATO, and substitute a collective security arrangement,

(Coutinued from page 1)

John's Hospice from an Armenian, who in turn had leased it from the Greek Orthodox Church some 40

According to church officials, the Greek Othodox patriarch, noticing that the building, which used to be rented by the leasee. Matossian, was

being "neglected." filed a case in 1982 and secured an eviction order in

1985. The leasee appealed the order, delaying eviction, but, in the mean-

time, sold the property to a Panamanian-based company, SBC, for an amount of \$3.8 million earlier

SBC, which many believe was used as a front for the Israeli government, ostensibly "leased" the 74-room

building to a group of settlers who subsequently moved in April 11 backed by Israeli security forces, who charged and tear-gassed Christian clergymen who resisted the move. The settlers remained in the building

The settlers remained in the building for 20 days before being forced to evacuate it Tuesday under an order

by the Israeli supreme court. But, about 20 people described as SBC-

employed "guards" remain in the building pending a final ruling on the

The Greek Orthodox Church,

which has a strength of about 90,000

- including residents of Jerusalem, the occupied West Bank and Gaza

Strip as well as Israel — is arguing that Matossian's sale of the building

to SBC is not valid since he was only a

leasee in the first place and even his

lease rights were declared null and

void by the 1985 court order for his

sentence" by the leadership of the 28-month-old Palestinian uprising in the occupied territories, is believed to be in Geneva and his brother has filed

Matossian, who is under a "death

Jordan reaffirms pledge

bins told European journalists numbers — it will be signed at a last week.

CSCE summit planned for about

Another senior official said the Soviet Union would remain the only nuclear and conventional superpower in Europe even if it withdrew all its forces from abroad, and was still "amazingly unpredictable" in its domestic

"How can you start dismantling the structure of Western security in Europe while this question is still open?" said the official, who asked not to be identified. "American troops were not

sent to Europe in support of some vague League-of-Nations style collective security system, defending everybody against everybody.

NEWS ANALYSIS

The United States does accept that the CSCE could have an increased role in monitoring arms-control accords and settling disputes, as well as promoting economic cooperation and human rights.

The CSCE took shape in 1975 with the Helsinki declaration on principles of relations between European states along with the United States and Canada, Its main security achievement has been agreeing rules to prevent military manoeuvres from causing international alarm.

Washington, which has led NATO since its foundation 40 years ago, also agrees the alliance will change, with a bigger West European say and lower troop and arms levels that are being negotiated with the Warsaw Pact

in Vienna. Both sides agree that U.S. forces in Western Europe should go down from 305,000 to 225,000, with Moscow making an even bigger cut down to 195,000 in Eastern Europe.

If a treaty can be negotiated the latest round of talks ended CSCE .. we're saying no, that's last week with major oustanding not even in your interest," Dob- problems, especially on aircraft

sale of the building to SBC.
Patriarch Diodoros, speaking to
the Jordan Times in Greek through

an interpreter at the Greek-Orthodox Church in Amman, said the patriar-chate had also filed a case against the

presence of the "guards" in the build-

"We are determined not to allow

any violation of church property,"

said the patriarch, who was receiving dozens of Christian and Muslim lead-

ers paying tribute to the "solid stand of the church against Israeli plans."

"Muslims as well as Christians have

understood what is behind the Israeli move. Sheikhs brushed shoulders with priests to resist the Israelis," said

the 67-year-old patriarch, who perso-

nally led the protesters against the forced occupation of the building on April 11 and collapsed after being

April 11 and conapseu aner neing overcome by teargas in the melec.
"The Jews want to change the special characteristics of the (Christian quarter) of the Old City, and we are not going to allow that."

"We have used and will continue to

lion with an image of Jesus Christ was

The patriarch, who took over the Holy Land patriarchate in 1981, de-clined to answer a direct question whether the Greek Orthodox Church

was seeking to reverse the declared

decision by the new conservative gov-

erment in Athens to upgrade its formal relations with Israel. "It's a political matter, and I do not want to comment on it," he said.

However, a source close to the patriarch said that the church felt that the Athens government "should not have even discussed the matter now,"

Another of Nunn's concerns,

November.

an end to NATO's land-based short-range nuclear weapons, does however seem likely to be met with officials expecting the alliance to drop plans to develop new short-range missile.

American officials have hinted

that U.S. troop levels could later

go lower still, although they stop

short of endorsing a proposal by

Senate armed services committee

chairman Sam Nunn that num-

bers should come down to be-

tween 75,000 and 100,000 within

NATO faces a busy period, starting when U.S. Secretary of State James Baker meets other allied foreign ministers next Thursday to discuss German unification.

There are further key meetings of defence and foreign ministers in May and June and plans for a summit, possibly in June or July, that will update the alliance's aims after the political earthquake in East Europe.

U.S. officials say they are sceptical that NATO could become in the foreseeable future a purely political organisation, as sometimes suggested in Europe. One called this "escapism" from the West's continuing security needs.

But some independent U.S. analysts say NATO will loose public confidence if it gives the impression it simply means to carry on for ever. 'NATO must make it clear it is

working for conditions where it can be suppressed by a different security structure," says Stanley Sloan of the Congressional Re-search Service. "Only then will the public see the NATO role as relevant."

Carter continues global mediation efforts

Former U.S. president gratified by resurgent popularity

By Robert Byrd The Associated Press

ATLANTA, Georgia — Former U.S. President Jimmy Carter says he's gratified by newfound popularity and the respect he's getting for his global mediation

Carter played a prominent role in certifying Nicaragua's recent presidential election as fair. He was invited to oversee elections in Hungary and Romania. And he will help monitor elections in the Dominican Republic in May.

But, he said: "It's not a niché I want to fulfill permanently. If I see that my presence can be the deciding factor in the integrity of an election, I would do it, but I don't need to go just to say, "we've got a former U.S. president here." I'm not looking for

ceremonial roles." In an interview last week in his Carter Presidential Centre office, the 65-year-old former president warned of tougher times ahead for Soviet President Mikhail Gor-

But he said it's a mistake to assume that Communism is crumbling universally, and explained how - and why - he was willing to go to Beirut, Lebanon.

Carter attributed the collapse of Communism in Eastern Europe mainly to Gorbachev. "It's a change that Gorbachev has brought," Carter said. "It

would be a mistake to think it's a worldwide inevitability.

"We don't see it happening in North Korea. We don't see it happening in Vietnam. We don't see it happening in Albania. We don't see it happining in China, mmed," he said "I understand and we haven't seen it happen in Cuba.

Gorbachev's biggest threat -"much worse than ethnic independence moves or anything from their own homes in the West else" - is his contry's economic ruin, Carter said, adding: When I meet privately with

Soviet leaders, they make it clear to me that the West has underestimated the economic deterioration in the Soviet Union." "How Gorbachev will deal with it, I don't know. The fact is, he's

been in office now for about five years, and the situation's gotten In the Middle East, Carter sees "a general consensus... now, that

passed and that these hostages ought to be released." He complimented current U.S. President George Bush for opening up new avenues of at least how the hostages might be re-

leased." In the wake of last week's Lebanese captors, Carter said," the United States should not be too effusive in your thanks, when only one hostage is released. But you can acknowledge the fact that

this is leading towards reconcilia-

After spending 10 days in the Middle East last month, Carter was criticised for charging Israel

with violations of Palestinian "I know that when any state-

ment is made that is critical of

Israel... it's going to be conde-

I thought was a terrible crime." During his trip, Carter sought to meet with Lebanese President Elias Hrawi, to understand first-

their concerns."

hand Lebanon's position in the volatile region. He considered just going to Beirut, But "I knew the State

He reiterated that he had sump-

ly condemned one Israeli policy — "Deporting mothers and children

Bank and Gaza to Jordan, which

Department would not approve. So my thought was to meet with president Hrawi at a military base inside Lebanon" But U.S. officials urged him to

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Wild te

the time for hostage-taking has stay away from the war-torn passed and that these hostages country. "I felt perfectly secure, but I can understand the concerns of others about me," he said. While Carter has been seen as a success on the Global stage,

discussion and exploration on former President Ronald Reagan has been criticised for taking lucrative speaking engagements. The result: Carter's approval

release of American hostage rating in U.S. public opinion polls 🗽 🕃 Robert Polhill by pro-Iranian is higher now than that of the man who defeated him so overwhelmingly 10 years ago.

"You find that surprising?" Carter joked.

During his administration from 1977 to 1981, Carter was widely criticied for the state of the economy and his handling of foreign affairs, including the Iranian hostage crisis.

Carter conceded he finds his new popularity flattering, although "that's not the goal of my life, to get favourable public opinion polls."

Mutt'n'Jeff



Andy Capp







use all our spiritual means to counter it," he added, fingering a cross around his neck, apparently in memory of the April 11 violence during which a chain be wore with a medal-Peanuts







Published Every Thursday

May 3, 1990

Domestic life in Palestine —

An objective history of the area

By Hana Darwazah

Domestic Life in Palestine by Mary Eliza Rogers First published in 1862, this edition published in 1989 by Kegan Paul International Limited. Price JD 19,350 P.P. 416-

·· WHILE the Palestinian intitada continues, and Palestinians resist the creation of yet more Jewish settlements to accommodate the massive influx of Soviet Jewish immigration, Domestic Life in Palestine offers a new argument to the fallacy perpetuated by the early Zionists about Palestine being in the 1800's "a land without a people for a people without a land."

Lending credibility to the book, is the fact that it was written by the sister of the British consul in Damascus. The author, Mary Rogers, paid a visit to her brother in Palestine between 1855 - 1857 and the sister of a British consul

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hardly be accused of being pro-Arab.

Rogers originally wrote Domestic Life in Palestine as a personal journal, a sort of an account of her own observations as a traveller, it was not intended for publication. It was rather more of a series of notes that she jotted down to help her remember her impressions of her trip. Upon returning to England and showing her notes to her friends, they encouraged her to rewrite her notes and publish them as a book.

Rogers has a keen observant eye that catches the minutest detail, plus an educated background that renders her descriptions vivid and arresting. In addition, Biblical references are abundant throughout the book and evident in her historical comparisons. For example, while describing the attire of a woman she came across she likens her veil to that of the Biblical figure of Ruth: "Bring the veil that thou hast upon thee and hold it, and when she held it, he measured six measures of barley, and laid it on

from Pogers description of the people she meets, one gets a sense of the social situation of Palestine in the nineteenth century. Katherine a widow hired as Rogers' attendant was "subject to fits of mental derangement, for in the year 1834, when her native town was the scene of rebellion, her husband and little sons were murdered in her presence in their beds...," (p. 62). This apparently is a reference to Bethlehem where in 1834 there was a relegious "insurrection" and Muslims where driven out of their homes and the town

One also gains valuable insight into the demographic situation and distribution of people in Palestine in the 1950s. According to Rogers the population of Haifa in

1854 was as follows:

Greek Catholics Roman Catholics Maronites Orthodox Greeks 2012 (p. 85) Total

The population of Nazareth: Muslims Greek Orthodox 1,040 Roman Catholics 480 520 Greek Catholics Maronites 400 (p. 128) 3120

"This gives a total of 3120: but the most recent andcareful inquirers assure me that this estimate is too low; they reckon the total at 4000, and the Greek (Orthodox) Church is said to be on the increase. I never met a Jew either in Nazareth or Bethlehem!" (p. 128)

BOOK REVIEW

The political situation is portrayed lucidly through Rogers' accounts of her travels in the area. "Nearly all the Turks with whom I came in contact seemed to glory in successful intrigue, and were generally shrewed and clever. They had little or no sympathy with Arabs, and apparently no true patriotism," (p. 161).

The book is also valuable in that it explains some topics

that are vague today, such as the origin, beliefs and rites of the Samaritans. The Samaritans apparently believe in the Pentateuch only, regarding other parts of the Bible as forgeries. They believe themselves to be children of Manasseh and Ephriam, and their priest is supposedly a linear descendant of the tribe of Levi. They are very close and inter-marry, thus the reason for their dwindling numbers.

Domestic life in Palestine covers many subjects, too many to go into details. As the title implies, it is a descriptive book. It describes the lives of Palestinian people of the time, their houses, their attire, and their land. The narrative style is beautiful and colourful, if slightly formal English. The details of the scenery and especially of the women's dresses are painstakingly described with an artistic perspective.



Being an artist herself, (the author apparently drew portraits and natural scenery), lends a reality of the book that leaves an imprint into the readers imagination.

Although it cannot be described as easy reading, nor the kind of fast page turner that one cannot put down, Domestic Life in Palestine is a must for anyone interested in an objective history of the area, and a valuable addition to any decent library.

Riding high in a man's world

By Katta Sabet

CAIRO - While many young women dream of becoming journalists who will interview the famous or anchor television news programmes, reality shows that the top jobs are by and large reserved to men even today. The few women who have made it are very much the exception.

Egypt boasts one of them: She is Maha Abdul Fattah and she has made political journalism her speciality. Her employer, the Al Akhbar newspaper chain which is one of Egypt's leading media concern, recently rewarded her talent with a glamorous promotion. Formerly deputy. editor for international affairs in Cairo, Maha will now represent Al Akhbar deily and its sister publication Akhbar Al Yom in the United States and Canada, Based in Washington, she says she is still learning everyday, because the way of life is so different.

"It's at the same time easy and difficult to get the news, here," she explains. Easy be . cause of all the news briefings given by government officials and private groups, and difficult in the selection that has to be made from the: mass of information available.

Elegant, with the tailored look. Maha speaks eloquently of her work and her goals. change course radically now press world, transferred to and again stagnates," she the other leading Egyptian declared during a recent in- daily Al Ahram. Owing to her terview, Instead of focusing knowledge of English, Muson stability and job security, tapha and the late Ali Amin, Maha is intent on furthering the twin brothers who had until the day they actually

chaos for a while. "To me journalism is something alive, something that develops constantly. This is why I did not hesitate for a second when they offered me the job of representing the Akhbar Al Yom group in the U.S. and Canada. It's a step forward to leave the environment in which I have been working for years and continue my work abroad. Having the opportunity to establish new international contacts will be an excellent way for me to enrich my thoughts and capabili-

Maha admits that she took her time on the way to becoming a professional. First she studied English literature in college, and then tried her. hand at writing. "That's when I realised that journalism is what suite me best," she says. "I was also advised by a true master, Anis Mansour, who was my professor, to. head for the newstooms."

Heeding the advice of this well-known columnist, she trained at Al Akhbar. "I never dreamt that I would become a political specialist, I saw myself more in the artistic and. literary field, which would have been in line with my studies," she recalls, but chance intervened. It all started when the head of the political section at Ak Akhbar, Hamdi Fouad, another well-"A journalist who does not known figure in the Egyptian"



Maha Abdui Fattah

Maha to cover an international conference.

been satisfied with my article." she says with a smile. "because they continued to give me similar assignments her career, even if that means founded Al Akhbar; sent, gave me the post recently, dren and that makes things

vacated by Hamdi Fouad, I easier. It was a deliberate for so much!"

brothers were right to trust Maha. Today she is facing the challenge of setting up a new office and organising what will be demanding work. where her office will be ---"For now I'll work out of my apartment. For me the important thing is to write and I can do that anywhere," she says.

Even when the operation is on an even keel, she probably won't have much time for her personal life, but she is used to that, she says.

"It is almost impossible to be a jousmalist at a certain level, and at the same time be a perfect home-maker," she notes wryty. While several of her female colleagues have either reduced their work hours or given up their career entirely for the sake of their families, Maha refused to marry young and start a family:

"I got married rather late, at a time when I felt it would not interfere with my career. I was more mature, I knew exactly what I wanted and I can safely say that my marriage is a success, although it may not be conventional as most,' she says, adding that her job promotion won't interfere that much in the relationship be-"I suppose they must have cause her husband is a businessman who travels the world: Instead of meeting up in Cairo, they will be together

"We don't have any chil-

in the United States. .

was stunned. Never in my choice we made together," wildest dreams had I hoped she explains. "To me, chiidren are not a hobby, they Time has proved that the are a full-time job. I speak of choice, but really, it was more a question of fate. In any case, it is too late now."

In setting her goals, Maha, consciously or not, rejected At this point she is not sure the mantle of tradition which 'guides the lives of many women in the Arab World and elsehwere. "When people talk about traditions, I say that society is made up of individuals and that providing moral principles are respected, an individual should be allowed to have his own concept of life," she says. But she does not see herself as a role model.

"In Egypt some women are living in the Middle Ages while others are well into the 21st century. I chose modemity," she argues. It gives her a sense of pride to have won the respect of her colleagues and of the people with whom she has profes-

sional contacts. Not to say that the road to success has always been a smooth one. "At the beginning especially, I had lots of problems. I was young, I lacked experience and I did not realise that some people. can do you harm for no reason at all," she says. A few years ago a major difficulty arose because of a misunderstanding with the paper's management. She ended up being sent home where she spent four years, waiting for things to change.

"Situations always change, it's just a question of pati-. ence," she notes. She put the time to good use reading and studying extensively, which she said, allowed her to gain a more objective view of life and the media's role.

Besides dealing with the news, Maha is an author in her own right, as well as being involved in the publication of one of Egypt's current bestsellers, a biography of the late King Farouk. The subject was still somewhat taboo, but Maha worked hard to bring it to a large public by writing a synopsis of the work that was printed as a serial in Al Akhbar.

She is also noted for her

own book, a day-by-day account of the process that led to the U.S.-brokered Camp David peace accord between Egypt and Israel in 1979. Along with eminent Ecyptian writers like Nobel Prize winner Naguib Mahfouz, Tewfiq Al Hakim, Anis Mansour and Abdul Aziz Ramadan, Maha saw her work boycotted by a number of Arab countries, which ostracised Egypt for making peace with Israel. "In a sense it was an honour to be lumped together with suchcompany," she recalls, "but I am glad that the relationship with our Arab brothers has changed and that this ostracism has ended."

The book, entitled A Step Towards Peace is still only available in Arabic. Concludes Maha: "I think it is one of those things that will only become significant once the subject loss its virulence and becomes a part of history ---World News Link

THE JORDAN Press Association has rented a new building to house its offices which will also serve as a sort of press club, with conference rooms and spacious halls. The new building will be a far cry from the tiny apartment that now houses the Journalists' Association and their activities. In support of the press family in Jordan His Majesty King Hussein will personally pay the rent of the new centre. The Press Association will use the new building until it can come up with enough money to finance its own permanent headquarters on a land already allocated for the purpose opposite the Jordan Times' and Al Ra'i offices on University Road. Informed sources told the Jordan Times that His Majesty has pledged to lead donations to help finance construction of the building.

UNCONFIRMED reports of a major reshuffle which will involve several under-secretaries are spreading around town with a date placed on the change at the beginning of next week. Observers maintain that such a move would indicate a strong shift in government policies since it is these second men who actually run their ministries. The reports are quickly gaining credibility as several prospective "candidates" are running around asking others if they had heard of such reports. One such person, who believes that he would be the best man for one of the openings, "denied" such reports categorically. "The reports cannot be true. I have not been contacted," he

TALKING about change and government changes, embassies and ambassadors will not escape unscathed. At least four ambassadors will be relieved from their official duties in order to allow them to spend more time in their homes here in Jordan. The move was made necessary apparently to make way for a long line of appointed ambassadors who have not been able to practise their diplomatic skills abroad. One source pointed out that the ambassadors who are currently serving will be moved to base rather than sideways. "The measure is only aimed at opening vacancies for new ambassadors at large," the source said. meaning that vacant posts will basically go to those envoys who have never served abroad.

ROYAL Jordanian is still faced with a problem that was believed solved weeks ago. An RJ captain, Safwan Husseini, refused to fly an aircraft on a flight from Amman to Paris while there was liquor on board. This happened a few weeks back and the captain has been grounded since then. The government had earlier banned the sale of alcoholic beverages on RJ's Islamic and Arab routes after the Islamic Bloc in parliament demanded the complete ban of alcohol on all our national carrier's flights. Sources at RJ told the Jordan Times that the problem is finally on its way to finding a solution. Rather than firing the pilot for refusing to obey rules and regulations, or giving in to his demand of banning alcohol from flights, he may be moved to another job which does not require him to carry either passengers of liquor on the aircraft he commands. Cargo flights are mentioned as a possible destination.

FOR one reason or another, the diary has been the recipient of many news items on the status of Jordan's embassy to Moscow, to the dismay and bewilderment of our ambassador there as well as several Foreign Ministry officials. A Jordanian voice vocalist who took an official trip to Korea as part of a three-member Jordanian team discovered the truth behind the status of the Jordanian embassy in the communist superpower. Pressed by pre-arranged appointments in Jordan, the vocalist had to leave Korea and return home earlier than the rest of the team. The only flight connection back to Amman was through Moscow. So, our vocalist friend took the connection only to find that she was a day late for her flight back to Amman from Moscow and that she had to wait in Moscow for a week for the next flight. The first thing that came to her mind was to call the Jordanian embassy there to help her solve accommodation and other mundane problems at hand. For three hours, telephone operators at the airport were looking for a listing of a Jordanian embassy in Moscow, only to fail at their task and inform the by-now despondent vocalist that Jordan does not have an embassy in Moscow. So the vocalist tried the Palestinian embassy, which was immediately contacted and her one week stay in Moscow was smooth sailing from there on. Can someone please double check whether the Jordanian embassy in Moscow is actually listed in the directory or not?

Thoughts For the Week

For every minute you are angry, you lose 60 seconds of

Ralph Waldo Emerson, U.S. writer (1803-1882). A man wrapped up in himself makes a very small bundle – Benjamin Franklin, U.S. statesman (1706-1790).

From the little spark may burst a mighty flame - Dante Alighieri, Italian poet (1265-1321).

Victory belongs to the most perserverving Napoleon Bonaparte, French emperor (1769-1821).

To live is the rarest thing in the world. Most people exist, and that is all · - Oscar Wilde, Irish-born writer (1854-1906).

Critics are the men who have failed in literature and art — Benjamin Disraeli, English statesman (1804-1881). Though familiarity may not breed contempt, it takes the edge off admiration

- William Hazlitt, English essayist (1778-1830).

Imagination is more important than knowledge --- Albert Einstein, German-born physicist (1879-1955).

We think according to nature. We speak according to rules. We act according to custom – Francis Bacon, English writer (1561-1626).

One great use of words is to hide our thoughts - Voltaire, French writer (1694-1778).

Weekly Preview JTV Channel 2

Thursday, May 3 8:30 Bill Cosby Show

Sandra gives birth to twins. Husbands and Mothers have a closed meeting to discuss nursing the twins and to help with the household work. The husbands try to break away from the responsibility to little

9:10 Basketball

10:00 News in English

10:20 Movie of the Week

Those She Left Behind

Starring: Gary Cole Joanna Kerns

Garv Cole (Fatal Vision) stars in this powerful and touching story. He portrays Scott Grimes, a businessman who seems to have the perfect lite: a lovely wite Sue, expecting a baby; a beautiful dream home being built in the country; a successful real estate business. But his world falls to pieces when Sue dies in childbirth. Unprepared for the rigors of parenting, single or otherwise, he blames his tiny. daughter Katie for the frustrations he encounters as he finds the daily demands of an infant infringing on the running of his small business. He even goes so far as to put Katie up for adoption before his estranged motherin-law and caring co-worker Diane Pappas get him to stop and re-evaluate his life and his responsibilities. Ultimately, he determines to keep his baby, rebuild his life – and include a warm new-

Friday, May 4 8:30 The Robert Gaillaume Show

relationship with Diane.

Edward does not believe his father's story about seeing

NOW THAT APRIL'S HERE By S.F. Wilkinson

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them too.

9:10 Beauty and the Beast

Vincent is determind more than ever to solve the mystery of his missing baby. His enemy sends a professional killer underground. Finally a clue is in hand.

10:00 News in English

10:20 Quincy Last Right

Quincy goes out of his way to help a friend in a neighbouring town to set up business similar to his.

Saturday, May 5 8:30 Surgical Spirit

Shiela Sabbatini has never believed in trivial pastimes. Suddenly a reunion with an old schoolfriend makes Shiela take stock of her situa-

9:00 Encounter

10:00 News in English

10:20 Feature Film.

Starring: Paul Freeman, Billie Whitelaw A rich man's son commits

suicide. A young woman detective is asked to look into the case. She almost gets killed before she finds out that the son was a victim of some sort of business deal.

Sunday, May 6 8:30 Who's the Boss.

Samantha's graduation ceremony is a happy wonderful event and nosy Angele almost spoils the fun.

9:10 World of Puppetry

Henk Boerwinkel created his first puppets in 1956 and

flying Saucers but Anne sees

Triangel in 1963 with his wife Ans. Their performances consist of a series of short items, without text. featuring marionettes, masks, rod and hand puppets. The use of all these techniques results in a richly contrasted programme full of surprising effects. Videotaped in Meppel, Hol-

10:00 News in English

by Jim Henson.

land in the puppeteer's attic

space in co-production with

KRO Television and directed



Elspet Grey as Miss Penn in Poiret on Sunday at 10:25

10:20 Agatha Christie's Poirot -- Double Sin.

Whitcombe is the place for health. But when Poirot takes Hastings on a rest cure, the northern climate proves more bracing than they expect and the local inhabitants more complex than they appear.

Monday, May 7

8:30 Perfect Strangers

Newsletters

Balki shows his willingness to become a reporter. His cousin Larn supports him

formed the Figuren Theatre 9:10 FIFA Soccer

10:00 News in English 10:20 The Ginger Tree

Richard returns home and finds Mercy pregnant; knowing the child isn't his, he throws her out of the house. Mercy has no alternative but to accept Kentaro's offer of a house where she will live as his concubine with their son

Tuesday, May 8

8:30 Charles in Charge It turned out that the change in Charles personality happened because of a kick on his head and another kick cures our Charles

9:10 The Nuclear Age

In the last four decades humanity has acquired the power to destroy totally not only itself but the entire planet and has twice proved it the series lucidly examines the nature and implication of this issue.

10:00 News in English

10:20 In the Heat of the Night Blind Spot part-2-

Virgil narrowly escapes death at the hands of Richie Epson's henchmen, but Gillespie still does not have enough evidence to prove the former.

Wednesday, May 9 8:30 Laura and Disorder

Laura's latest adventure is treasure hunting but the consequences are not quite what she expected

9:10 A Horseman Riding By

10:00 News in English

10:20 Alice to Nowhere

In a fit of rage the head of the gang tries to rape at woman, wrecks her house) and commits another muand actually gets into trouble der Finally the gang has a for supporting his cousin showdown with the police

cinematic film production launched

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -- The production of Jordanian cinematic feature film will be launched Thursday with an off. al inauguration by the minister of culture, Khalid Al Karaki, at the Jordanian Artists Asso-

ciation (JAA) Entitled An Eastern Tale, the projected film is based on a short story by Arab writer Hani Al Raheb. The story was adopted for a film by Jordanian film critic Adnan Mdanat, with Jamil Awad as script-

An Eastern Tale tackles the issue of oppression of the Eastern individual that prevented him or her from playing his natural role. according to Awad. He explained at a press conterence last Monday that the film "portrays scenes from substantial circumstances so that the individual attempts to free himself or herself from the material chains and chains of the

"We consider An Eastein Tale as the first cinematic feature film because it is the first attempt to make a cultural movie with a good standard that does not underestimate the intelligence of the audience. "There were previous

attempts in Jordan to make a successful cinema film but failed because they did not tackle subjects of culture."



scene with Assistant Director Ra'ed Asfour during the filming of Her Escape to Light.

Mdanat told reporters.

An Eastern Tale is directed by Naidat Anzour and includes 16 Jordanian actors and actresses. Awad said that all the actors have volunteered their time and effort into making this film and will receive no salary for their work, but will have a share if the film succeeds financially.

The film is funded by Hazem Al Salem, a businessman, and the filming will be mostly outdoors. According to Anzour, the General Headquarters of the Armed Forces, the Public Security Department, the Civil Detence Department and the Greater Amman Municipality have all contributed to assisting in the production.

One of the actors, Mohammad Qabbani, told the Jor-.

dan Times Weekender that there will be scenes with smoke bombs, soldiers and other scenes irrivolving the

None of those involved in the film commented any further on the film because they did not want to "ruin it for the audience.

The production team began preparation for the film a month ago. Filming begins Saturday and is expected to last for three months, after which the movie will undergo developing and editing for the final product. The developing of the film will be done in Rome's Cinecitta (Cinema City) "to acquire better quality' production.

An Eastern Tale is expected to be released this year, and could participate in the Carthage Film Festival in Tunisia, said the director.

Anzour. nas already directed three other films for television

Her Escape to Light (1989), and Rida's Family (1990) The latest film will be screened at Abdul Hameed

Picnic in the Sands, (1988),

Shoman Foundation tonight (Thursday) at 7:30 Written by Jamal Abu Ham-

dan Rida's Family is part documentary, part drama, depicting the low life of Jordanian society that many who read the Jordan Times do not know exists in a city like Amman. Rida is a drug addict in central Amman whose children are forced into begging to support his ugly habit, described Anzour.

Her Escape to Light, also written by Abu Hamdan, portrays the oppression of women and their struggle to treedom," Anzour said: His tirs: TV film, Picnic in the Sands, won him first prize for Best Arab Director at the International Baghdad TV Festival in 1988, and third among all participants (44 countries) after Japan and Spain.

The director and scriptwriier appeared very enthusiastic about making this movie. successful, and hopefully, it Will be a successful precedent for a new, but noncommercial cinema industry in the Kingdom.

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Liz Taylor: Superstar with life like a movie role

LOS ANGELES (R) - Elizabeth Taylor, stricken with pneumonia in a Los Angeles hospital, contracted the disease

once before, in 1961, and nearly died. Her doctors have said the actress was in an intensive care unit after a lung biopsy to find the cause. "She is seriously ill,"

they said in a statement issued by her New York publicist Recalling the 1961 illness, Taylor once said "Dying, as I remember it, is many things. But most of all it is wanting to live and in some ways it is the most frightening part this frantic, desperate wish to live

Her doctors' statement said her condition was stabilising and her breathing was assisted by a ventilator

Last Tuesday Taylor had issued a statement in which she said she wanted to "dispel the plethora of rumours that have been circulating that I have ar: AIDS-related condition

She first entered a hospital in Los Angeles on April 9 for treatment of a sinus condition and fever. A week later she was transferred to a hospital in Santa Monica, a Los Angeles

suburb Throughout her career even her most acclaimed film roles have paled in comparison with the pain-filled reality

Now 58, she has been married seven times, engaged many more, widowed once and divorced six times, and in and out of hospitals to battle illness, injury, alcohol and drug dependency.

She has been courted by a string of rich and powerful men. but her romance with Richard Burton, another star of volatile temperament and the only man she said she truly loved, was among the most tempestuous in the history of the movies.

She met the Welsh actor when they starred together in the 1961 epic Cleopatra, then dumped husband Eddie Fisher to marry him after a romance that raised a scandal. They were married twice and divorced twice, with even-

move in the love-hate relationship chronicled in newspapers around the world lavish parties, expensive presents and public shouting matches. They co-started in many films offen as man and wife, building a twin legend Burton died at 59 in 1984

The original image of the demure, violet-eyed girl who burst on to the big screen at the age of 10 was gradually dissipated by an unending series of headline stories about the numerous men in her life, her jewels, weight problems,

drugs and alcohol Recognition of her acting ability did not come until she was in her 30s, when she won two Academy Awards for roles as a prostitute and as a foul-mouthed, alcoholic wife

Born in London on Feb. 27, 1932, Taylor has said many times that she never wanted to be an actress but was pushed into the profession by her starstruck, domineering mother, Stie has blamed her emotional difficulties on her insulated



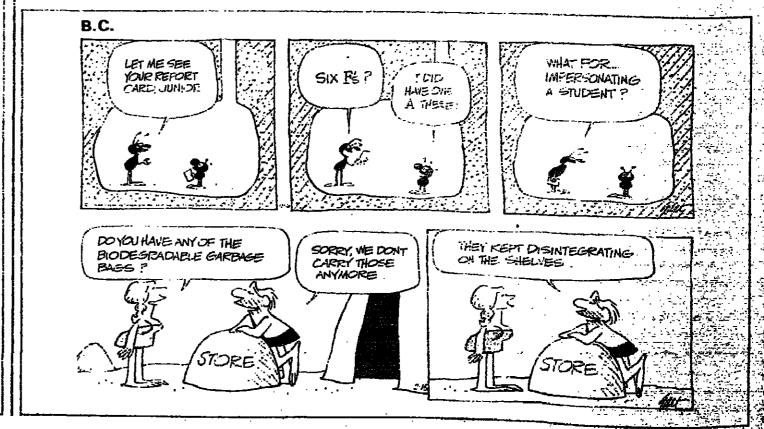
Elizabeth Taylor

childhood "I never had the chance to grow up. I have the body of a woman and the emotions of a child," she said. After a string of girl-next-door roles, the first hint of real dramatic promise came with A Place in the Sun.

She confirmed her talent in 1958 as Maggie in Tennessee Williams Cal.cr. a Hot Tin Root, completed weeks after her third hissoand film producer Mike Todd, died in a plane

She won her first Oscar in 1960 for her role as a call-girt in Butterfield 8. The second came in 1967 for her portrayal of Martha in Edward Albee's Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf?

Taylor has played a leading role in the fight against AIDS, dating boo. In when her triend Rock Hudson died of the disease in October 1985. She has helped to raise millions of uollars foi researcr.



Weekend Crossword

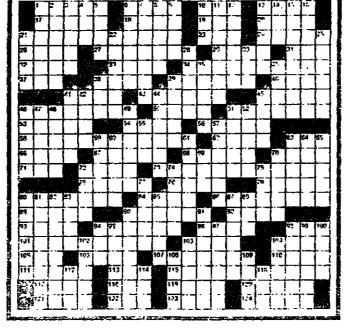
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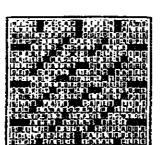


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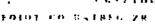
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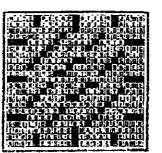




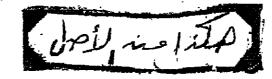
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Alil mi lag

Actor Roy Scheider

mixes politics and movies

By Christopher Michaud Reuter

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NEW YORK -- Roy Scheider's new film.The Fourth War, chronicles a private conflict between a U.S. border patrol colonel and his Soviet counterpart in the age of glasnost.

The American actor, wellknown for his portrayals of various screen touch guys, said he was intrigued by the idea of personal East-West conflict in the new political climate:

Events in Eastern Europe have been moving so quickly. he said, that writers for some films with a Soviet setting had to scramble while the pictures were in production to keep facts accurate.

Scheider has made a number of films with Soviet themes in recent years.

A few years ago he hosted, Portrait of the Soviet Union, a television documentary offering an inside look at Soviet life. And recently he finished filming the adaptation of John le Carre's The Russia House, with Michelle. Pfeiffer and Sean

Scheider said his Fourth War character, Jack Knowles, is not like the strong-jawed heros I've played before (Blue Triunder. French Connection. The 7

"He's really a haro and a tool at the same time," he

"He's a super patriot, with a super ego about his country's

Scheider, 54, said he finds himself thinking and acting much more politically in his middle years

"I've shot my mouth of: plenty about capital punish ment, which I'am opposed to he said. His current project Someone Has to Shoot the Pictures , is a film for television with a decidedly anticapital puishment slant.

Prison dramas might seeri typical Scheider material given his frequent past portraval of policemen, military men and other miscellaneous tough guys. In Someone Has to Shoot... however, he plays a photographer rather than a prisoner of a quard

He's played so many cops,



Roy Scheider

and gets picked up by squaccars when trying to hail a taxı "In New York City this is no! such a bad thing," he noted. It's a far cry from the days when blue uniforms "Gave

rue the willies". When I was a kid I was always getting into trouble," he said. "But after I did the French

Connection and a couple of other movies about cops, I got a certain empathy and understanding for what their lite is like

Scheider said the chall in tact, he is often recognised lenge in the tough-guy roles

in "finding the vulnerable side to these hardheads, to humanise them " In the Forth War, he wrote a scene in which knowles speaks tenderly on the telephone with his children back home.

His most acclaimed role along those particular lines was as a song and dance man in Bob Fosse's 1979 film, All That Jazz, for which Scheider earned his second Academy Award nomination the first was for The French Connection

"A lot of people screamed and hollered and said" what the hell are you doing, Fosse? That's bad casting Roy Scheider can't do that?

"That made the challenge all the more interesting, and we pulled it off," he said "but that was such a juicy, multidimensional role that your're lucky if you get one in a litetime It's tough to top"

He might have topped it in a film he was set to star in called the Deer Hunter, but under contract to Universal, he was forced to quit the production that helped rocket Robert De Niro to stardom in order to repeat his role as Sheriff Brody in (Jaws II).

Sistine Chapel cleaning enters

final phase with 'Last Judgement'

By Philip Pullella Reuter

VATICAN CITY — Gianluigi Colalucci will feel the difference in his neck.

Nearly every day for the past 10 years he has stood on high scaffolding, his neck craned upward, and lovingly cleaned Michelangelo's awesome frescoes on the Sistine Chapel ceiling.

Now that they have returned to their original brilliant colours - freed of centuries of dirt. arime, smoke stains and the blunders of earlier would-be restorers - Colalucci, 60, can at last lower his head and work in a natural position.

For the next four years the chief restorer of the Sistine Chapel will be looking squarely at the wall of the last iudament, which the Renaissance art historian Vasari called "that great painting sent by God to men on Earth."

Working behind scaffolding that hides the massive altar wall from the public, Colalucci will face a vengeful Christ, a timid Madonna, saints floating to paradise, desperate sinners tumbling to heli and trumpeting angels - more than 300 figures that make up Michelangelo's fearsome vision of judgment day.

But Colalucci is not trembling. It was his hand, after all, that cleaned what is perhaps the most recognisable fresco in the world -- the white bearded God the father extending the finger of his powerful right hand to give life to a limp Adam in the creation scene on the ceiling.

"Like in any restoration. there can be surprises and unknowns," Colalucci said matter-of-factly, with the conto build his thousandth garup against." In 1994, 486 years after

"But for the most part, after

10 years of work on the ceil-

ing, we know what we will be

Michelangelo began one of the world's greatest art treasures, the entire Sistine Chapel will re-emerge almost as it was in 1541 when he finally replied to years of taunts by impatient popes with the words. "It is finished.

Unlike the ceiling, which mostly suffered from the elements, the 160 square metre last judgment was above all a victim of history.

With the exception of Christ, the Virgin, and a number of saints, most of its fi-

which spearheaded the counter-reformation, decreed rules of decorum for religious art and ordered some last judgment nudes covered with oincloths

ordered him to make the

painting "suitable" Miche-

langelo replied: "Let him (the

Pope) make the world a suit-

able place and the painting

A month before he died in

1564 the Council of Trent,

will follow suit."

The artist who "fixed" Michelangelo, Daniele Da Volterra, entered history with the fitting nickname "breech

For main additions, Da Volterra did not merely cover offending parts. He hacked gures were painted naked by out sections, and painted en-

Working behind scaffolding that hides the massive altar wall from the public, Colalucci will face a vengeful Christ, a timid Madonna, saints floating to paradise, desperate sinners tumbling to hell and trumpeting angels

Michelangelo.

Like other artists of his time who depicted the day of wrath, Michelangelo reasoned that people rising from their graves to be judged would not be dressed.

Not even the most prudish of popes disagreed with that logic. But naked bodies in Christendom's most important chapel were another

In 1545 the Tuscan satiris: Pietro Aretino blasted Michelangelo for showing "genitals and organs of those in ecsstasy in such relief that even in the whore houses they tidence of a bricklayer about couldn't fail to make one close one's eyes.

In 1555, when Pope Paul IV

tirely new frescoes in their place. The originals were lost iorever.

Fabrizio Mancinelli, director of the restoration project, said additions made by Da Volterra should stay even if they could be removed because they were testimony to nistory

"Works of art are not only things that are pleasing but they are also a historical document," he said.

Mancinelli said later additions decided by individual restorers might be removed if the originals still existed. Da Volterra put clothes on a once-nakee St Catherine and repainted St. Blaise's head so he no longer faced

"We should conserve what is coherent with history. Whatever you conserve can be removed at any time. What you remove is lost forever,

To clean the last judgment, Colalucci expects to modify his restoration techniques only slightly, adapting them to a vertical instead of hanging surface. The wall was also more damaged by past restorations because it was more accessible.

Through chemical and molecular analysis restorers are able to tell which brushstrokes Michelangelo applied to dried frescoes to highlight his figures and which were added later.

Tests have shown that for the last judgment's sky, Michelangelo used Lapis Lazuli, a dazzling blue stone which was the most expensive pigment available in his

"The blue will be extradordinarily brilliant. The resuits could be more astounding than the ceiling," said Mancinelli.

Vatican museum officials have taken several steps to preserve the Sistine Chapel But they have ruled out limiting the number of visitors which hit a high of 19,000 in one day last summer.

Special dust-absorbing carpets have been laid and a computer-controlled air filtration system will be installed.

But no high technology can bring back Michelangelo's

As a consolation, art lovers can visit a Vatican exhibition on the Sistine restoration, where a main attraction is a small copy of Michelerigeio's original last judgment mage by Marcello Venusti in 1549

In it S: Catnenne is nuce and St. Blaise is locking straigh: at her.

Disgraced beauty queen begins | successful singing career 20, the first black winner in By Michael Miller of modest, well-kept homes. the pageant's history. It is a far cry from the Repter -

America title six years ago ran a series of suggestive bounced back to become had been taken some time pe of the country's notiest before.

singer, dancer and actress. With a million seller album behind her, Williams feels she bas vindicated the faith she the photographer produced a had in herself when many Others were writing her off as a disgraced beauty queen.

"The thought of giving up never crossed my mind, " she said in an interview with Thad prepared my whole

life to be a performer. I just had no other choice. I didn't want to sell real estate. I didn't want to be a secretary. I wanted to sing and dance." "I knew I was talented and

it would just be a matter of time before i'd get an opportunity to work.

Williams was crowned Miss America 1964 at the age of

But her world collapsed LOS ANGELES - Vanessa around her a few months later Williams, stripped of her Miss when Penthouse magazine after nucle pictures of her nucle photos of her with appeared in a magazine, has - another female model that

She lost her title and sued Success is the best re the publication for \$150 milinge," says the 27-year-old - fion and the photographer for \$250 million, claiming fraud and exploitation But she withdrew the lawsuits when consent form, signed by her, allowing publication of the . pictures.

Williams may have icst the title and the lawsuit, but out of the scandal she gained something that, in her eyes, was far more precious - a laving husband and manager, now the father of her two children, baby Jillian and two-year-old Melanie.

Ramon Hervey was hired to help Williams deal with the Penthouse lawsuit. They fell in love, married and now live in a three-bedroom house in Plava del Rav. a beach suburb of Los Angeles consisting

mansions of Beverly Hills, Bel Air or Malibu, where most stars live, and Williams admits that at present it's about all she can afford.

"I didn't win a lot of money with winning the (Miss America) title, and unfortunately the work has not been as steady as I would have liked, due to everything that hapcened six years ago.

"I have a lot of debt, but hopefully we will be out of debt pretty soon. Luckily, with the success the album's had I think we'll be able to pretty much start a clean slate and really start bringing in some money," she said.

The album, The Right Stuff, was her first and brought her three Grammy Award nominations.

Her second album is due out in July and Williams hopes it will be even more successful and lead to tours of Europe and the United

Williams, who has also appeared in two feature films and a number of television shows, is very conscious of



mother. She and her husband take the children with them whenever they are away from home and she tries to give them as normal a life as possible.

She explained she did not want her children to grow up in a show business environment but in Westchester County, just north of New York City, where she spent her early years.

There, she said, she can buy a nice home on a few acres of land for less than a million dollars, "which is unheard of in Los Angeles."

"I think L.A.'s a great place, if you're single and you've got a lot of money," she said. "But I'm not single, and I don't have a lot of money."

Britain plays out epic drama over money for the arts

By Anne Senior Reuter

LONDON --- Britain is showing its age-old flair for theatre in a dispute over money for the arts.

The country's hallowed arts companies are short of cash but Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's government says culture must pay its way like any other business in a freemarket economy.

Arts administrators say they are guardians of Britain's heritage, not just business managers, and need help from the public purse to rescue the arts from the taint of commercialism and possible

They point to surveys which portray Britain as one of the least generous patrons of the arts in Western Europe.

The dispute has been simmering for years but erupted over the last few months with the vitriolic monologues: Dottents of doors and other touches of high Shakespea- of neglect. rean drama.

Passions rose to a new pitch when the Royal Shakespeare Company (RSC) announced it had to cut productions over the winler to save money.

The RSC, expected to lose up to £5 million (\$8 million) this year, will close its two London venues for about four months but continue performances at Shakespeare's birthplace in central England. The company's incoming

Artistic Director Adrian Noble delivered a plea for funds from the RSC stage in London's Barbican Arts Centre. Noble denied he was being handed a "poisoned chalice"

but his gloomy demeanour

would have suited a tragic

Britain's other "flagship" arts companies are also in trouble. Despite an 11 per cent funding increase this year by the arts council, the main channel for government arts funding they say they are still suffering from years

London's Royal Opera

(\$5 million) in deficit. The English National Ballet and the English National Opera

(ENO) had to be given an emergency injection of govseventh. emment funds this year after "British expenditure has intheir local authority slashed its budget contribution.

According to a sutdy published this week, Britain spends less per head on subsidies for the arts than Sweden, West Germany, France, the Netherlands and

Canada.

House is around £3 million

The survey by the Londonbased Policy Studies Institute, an independent research unit, put Britain next to last in a seven-nation league table, with only the United States spending less on the arts through local and central government grants.

Annual arts spending ranged from nearly £28 per head (\$46) in Sweden to around £10 in (\$16) in Britain and only £2 pounds (\$3) in the United States during 1987, the most recent year for which comprehensive figures were available. When spending was calcu-

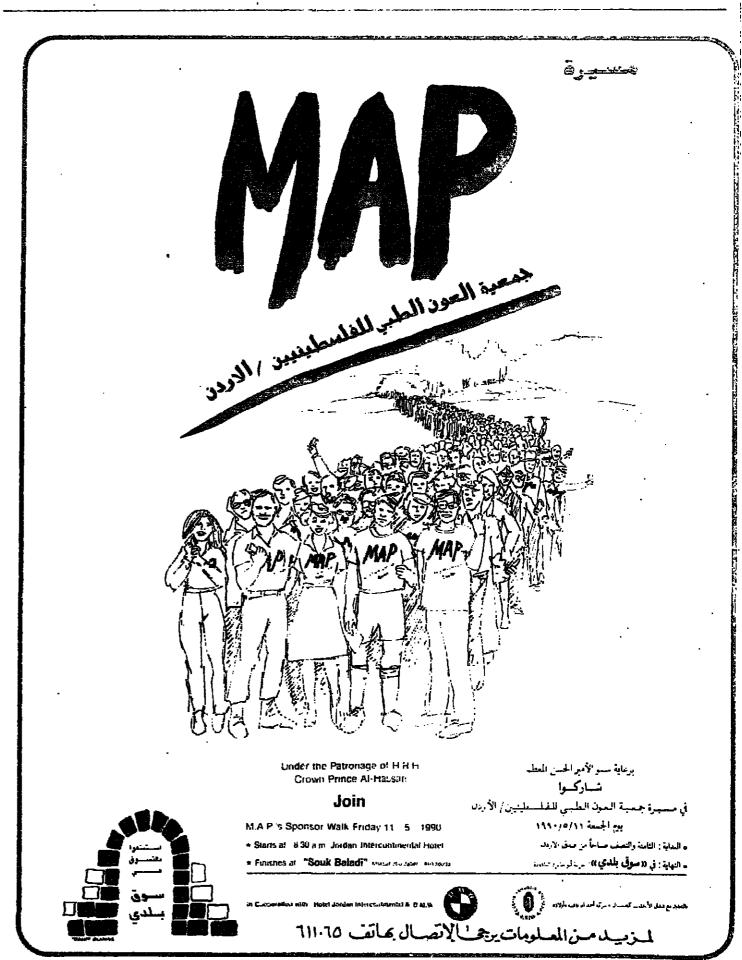
lated in relation to economic output Britain also came sixth and the United States

creased sigithly since 1987 but the broad picture is the same," said Andrew Feist, co-author of the study. Arts Minister Richard Luce

says arts companies do important work for Britain but must be weaned from a "welfare state mentality" and stop relying on society to bail them The National Campaign for

the Arts (NCA), an independent arts lobby, says sponsorship has brought welcome new money into the arts, but not enough to make up for decades of under-funding. Grants for the arts rose only

one per cent in real terms in the 10 years to April 1989, while business sponsorship has now stabilised at around five per cent of overall arts funding, said NCA researçher Ğraham Hitchen.



dre chan **artificial limbs** to

ordan's of**thopaedic ce**mire

Jans Franke, supervisor of

the programme at the Prin-

cess Mona Nursing College.

They expect this task to be

accomplished through a

combination of the technical

know-how of recovering (full

or partial) physical abilities

and the psychological insight

into their suffering," Franke, a

West German, told the Jor-

The main aim of the centre,

Franke explained, is to train

Jordanians to help improve

the life of the disabled

through acquiring technical

as well as psychological

strategies to deal with varying

aspects of individual cases.

"This is all the more important

since the economic situation

of most of the disabled does

dan Times.

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer

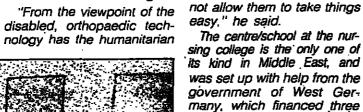
AMMAN — A man and a young girl steady each other across the floor, while a youth leans back in his chair adjusting some straps. A typical scene at one of Amman's specialised centres for the disabled, and the number of beneficiaries in steadily increasing as a facility to produce artificial limbs is expanding its programmes in

The man and woman had iost their legs in a mine explosion in the Dead Sea area, and the youth had to have his leg amputated as a result of cancer. They are among the hundreds who have indirectly benefited from the National Training Centre for Orthopaedic Technologists (NTCOT), which not only trains Jordanians in producing artificial limbs but also offers specialised courses in helping reintegrate disabled people into their families. workplace and society.

Students enrolled for the three-year programme at the centre, which is attached to the Prince Mona Nursing College, come from the Ministry of Health as well as the Royal Medical Corps, and have proved to be a very significant addition to health services in the Kingdom, according to leading social

By definition, orthopaedic technology deals with physical disabilities by applying technical skills to rehabilitate and make the disabled productive members of the

Life worth leading "From the viewpoint of the



project in addition to supplying teaching equipment and material for theoretical trainino. The centre helped about 800 disabled persons during last year alone, and about 200 of them were attended to by its third year students, according to Franke. Most of the beneficiaries were from

long-term experts and sever-

al short-term experts for the

he said: "We are trying to establish a workshop to produce prothesis at the Princess Basma Hospital in Irbid," he added.

the Amman and Irbid areas,

in 12 students with a minimum of 75 per cent marks in

The centre annually takes

Medical and of soverific knowledge

element of help to lead a life the tawjihi science stream. that is worth living," says The first year of study focuses on introducing the trainees into the areas of basic techniques, machinery, mathematics, anatomy and biomecha-

> In the second year, further emphasis is given to anatomy and biomechanics, dealing with prothesis and orthoses with a view to intensifying the students' understanding of the principles of static and dynamic alignments of orthopaedic appliances. Practical work during the year in-volves the production of components for lower limb prothesis and static and dynamic alignment of the produced parts.

During the third year, the trainees, in addition to theoretical studies, are fully introduced into the art of making orthopaedic appliances. "During this final phase of the course, the future technologists are supposed to be able to transform the orthopaedic technology they learnt into practical help" for the disabled, Franke said. Students do the practical work at Al Bashir Hospital under strict supervision, "The main focus of the entire programme is that it is intended that the student should gain and develop a feeling or work with and on the patient." Franke

Lack of recognition

Students who graduate from the programme after having undergone examina-. tawiihi." tions from West Germany are "highly qualified onthopaedic technologies." Franke said But, their qualifications are not recognised by the Jordanian Ministry of Higher Education, according to students from the Ministry of

tions means scaled down salaries and related benefits. Armed Forces.

ques and theory," he said. "But, our salaries and benefits are different. This of course causes some problems.

Another problem, this time on the social level, is the acute shortage of female trainees. Officials at the centre pointed out that many disabled women prefer to deal with experts from their own sex while discussing "matters related to anatomy."

"We heed more females to enrol in the programme," said



Production of artificial limbs at the National Training Centre for Orthopaedic Technolog-

Health as well as the Royal of their educational qualifica-Medical Services at the

"I have had a degree for the last three years, and now I teach at the centre," said a student. "But my degree is not recognised by the Ministry of Higher Education, Quite simply, I do not know what my degree means. Most of us here feel neglected."

Another officer/student from the Royal Medical Services said: "I have a masters degree from West Germany in the field orthopaedic techniques, but it is only considered here as equivalent to

Several other students pointed out that they undergo 152 hours of training, at least 30 hours more than university students., "Despite this, we are refused recognition," one of them said.

The absence of recognition

in addition to the "vast" difference in renumerations between Ministry of Health students and their counterparts from the Royal Medical Services, which is part of the "We study the same techni-

China grapples

heroin problem

By William Kazer Reuter

KUNMING, China — In a dimly-lit coffee shop in this southwest Chinese city, prostitutes puff on heroinlaced cigarettes, inviting their customers to join them.

At a dance hall nearby, a 17-year-old confides she is a heroin addict, schooled in her habit by her pimp. In a crumbling alleyway across town, a nervous small-time dealer says six of his friends were arrested for using narcotics recently and he is now lying low.

China was nearly drug-free by the early 1950s after the Communists took tough measures to stamp out opium growing and cope with an estimated 20 million addicts when they came to power in

But narcotics are making a comeback, partly because tight social controls have eased since economic reforms began in 1978. Nowhere is that more evident than in Kunming.

"Drug activities have emerged again and they are affecting our health as well as our economic development," said Chen Cunyi, deputy director of Yunnan province's anti-drug force.

Yunnan is on the frignes of the infamous Golden Triangle, one of the world's main opium producing centres. Kunming, the provincial capital, is a transit centre for illegal drugs bound for Hong Kong and the West.

Even more alarming to local officials, Yunnan is becoming a place for drug use . While the extent of its problem pales beside that of the industrialised world, it is wor-

rvina.

Heroin is cheap by Westem standards but costly for most Chinese at (\$10.50) a gram (one ounce) — half a month's salary for an average worker. That leads to other social problems, süch as theft, mirroring a pattern-found in the West.

Most of the opium growing and heroin refining operations are on the Burmese side. of the border, Chinese officials said. But Western diplomats said chemicals used in refining, such as acetic anhydride, may come from

Narcotics are moved into China through Wanding and Ruili, two towns along the Burmese border, carried by residents who are allowed to move back and forth between the two countries with relative

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Drugs are also moved across mountain trails along the border - far from the control of any government -or hidden in truck tyres or in big shipments of goods such as timber.

For a single dangerous trip, a "mule" who carries the drugs across the border can make as much as 20,000 yuan (\$4,200) - about 20 times the average annual in-

"These people are being paid to risk their lives," said a businessman familiar with the trade.

From the border, the drugs: move by road to Kunming. Police road blocks line the route and officers routinely check identities of bus passengers and select baggage for inspection.

"On one bus trip from Ruili the man sitting next to me was arrested," the businessman said. "Police found

probes disturbing

The author of this article, JOHANNES REITER, is professor of moral theology and social ethics at Mainz University.

THE SECOND draft European Community programme on predictive medicine was tabled last November. In a mid-December "common viewpoint" · the Council of Ministers advised membergovernments to implement it.

Trying out an artificial leg

Surprisingly, the new draft nas so far gone unnoticed by both politicians and the general public.

Genetic engineering, which is what it involves, is evidently less important than reproductive medicine for the churches too.

in July 1988 the European Community drew up a predictive medicine programme that was to cost 15 million ECUs, or about DM 30 million. It was given its first read-. ing by the European Parliament in February 1989.

The draft was rejected by all political parties in the Federal Republic on account of serious ethical and legal misgivings, especially in respect of the uses to which it results might be put.

What is predictive medicine? Certain illnesses are programmed in a person's genes, and more complaints tnan hitherto assumed result from correlation between the

genes and the environment. These two facts have led, within the wider purview of genetic engineering, to the emergence of predictive

medicine. It aims at forecasting a patient's future medical record and his genetic likelihood of suffering from speci-

fic complaints. This early warning system will hopefully enable doctors to prevent the outbreak of anillness or at least to exert a positive influence on its prog-

. A further aim of predictive medicine is to prevent the

transmission of genetically induced diseases.

It involves analysing the human genome, or set of chromosomes, and compiling an individual genetic chart depicting the chemical components of individual genes in sequence.

This is said to be the only way in which genetic defects that are to blame for certain complaints can be identified. What, then, about the

second European Community draft? On closer scrutiny it is found to be no less problematic from the ethical viewpoint than its predecessor, the term "predictive medicine" merely having been removed from its title.

Thirty-eight detailed changes have been made to the original programme, but ·basically it remains unchanged, so much so that the impression created it one of a misleading change of label. Genome analysis and the

compiling of a genetic chart may now be given pride of place, rather than predictive medicine, but the change is more apparent than real. Genome analysis and genetic charts are the prereauisites for predictive medicine, which remains the programme's stated long-term objective.

The memorandum proposes ethical, social and legal analysis and discussion of the programme while it is in progress. That is surely a little late in the day.

Analysis and discussion along these lines must be undertaken beforehand, and not during or on completion of the programme. Fast and furious interna-

quencing the human

genome.

tional competition is currently aimed at mapping and se-

year \$200 million a year programme is under way. In Japan the Human Frontiers Science Programme (HFSP) is partly aimed at developing genome mapping machinery. Electronic data processing -

In the United States a 15-

is clearly a crucial factor here, while in the Soviet Union ten million roubles has been allocated to a project in

The European Community is financing a programme to probe the yeast genome.

Five German groups are associated with this project, sector in the Federal Republic of Germany.

associated with evaluation of the risks and opportunities it *involves.*

First, the opportunities. Genome analysis as a prerequisite for predictive medicine will certainly extend our knowledge about mankind.

It is basic research and as such will be of significance over and above its practical uses in predictive medicine. Comparison of different

creatures will hopefully reveal more about the course of. evolution. But even as basic research genome analysis is not ethically neutral, the uses but there is relatively little to which it might be put must other research activity in this constantly be borne in mind.

Complaints that are attributable to interaction be-

The European Community is financing a programme to probe the yeast genome. Five German groups are associated with this project, but there is relatively little other research activity in this sector in the Federal Republic of Germany. Scientists all over the world plan international cooperation under the heading Hugo, short for human genome organisation.

Scientists all over the world plan international cooperation under the heading Hugo, short for human genome organisation.

The following comparisons may convey some idea of the complexity of a human genome chart:

There are an estimated 3,000 letters on the closely printed page of a book. A bulky book may contain 1.000 pages.

One thousand books of this size correspond to the three billion or so units of information the human genome con-

The ethical assessment of

predictive medicine is closely

tween genes and the environment might, for instance, if spotted soon enough, be prevented if the patient were to live appropriately.

The risk of illness could certainty be reduced. Sport and a suitable diet could reduce the risk of cardiac and circulatory complaints; avoiding a suntan could reduce the risk of skin cancer.

There would at the very least be an opportunity of alleviating the course of illnesses caused wholly or in part by genetic factors. These avenues opened up

by predictive medicine are to

be welcomed, as is its use in

preventing hereditary dis-

counselling before pregnancy that are no different, in principle, from conventional family planning advice. If a genetic risk were found to exist the consequences

This, for instance, could

amount to a genetic test and

would need to be clarified with the person or persons concerned in each and every case. Pregnancy might have to be ruled out. The risks are another mat-

ter, especially where a com-

plaint is predicted for which no treatment or cure is yet In such cases a genetically unsatisfactory diagnosis would pose serious problems

for both the doctor and his batient. Is there no such thing as the right to a secret secret from others and from

oneself? What is more in keeping with human dignity: to know or not to know that you are about to suffer from an incurable disease? Social acceptance of illness and disability could well, sad to say, decline stil

further in the wake of predictive medicine. Illness and disability could be prevented. Abortions are already carried out as a result of antenatal checks. A sick or disabled child is not accepted.

and ethically speaking, that is a most disturbing development, one that cannot simply be accepted. The further development of predictive medicine would

provide yet another opportunity of reducing the complexity of illness to a handful of individual factors. The cause of a complaint would be transferred to the individual and come to be

regarded as pesonal, individual destiny. Other factors, such as an . environment that makes people ill, would tend to be neglected. The patient would be Merkur.

personally to blame for his iliness.

There would also be a risk of people being classified -and discriminated against in accordance with specific criteria. They might, for instance, be banned from doing work that was a personal health hazard.

In other words, the job would not be adapted to suit the ndividual; the genetically suitable individual would be chosen to do the job.

Insurance companies

might refuse to insure people who were found to be highrisk cases — or at least charge them higher pre-·m. ims.

People might come to be seen in biological terms, in tems.of their genetic makeup. That is sure to clash with the holistic Christian view of the Individual., .

Given these risks and opportunities, how is one to assess predictive medicine? There would not seem to be much point in rejecting it on

It could prevent much suffering, especially by more effectively preventing illness. But the ethical, social and legal aspects of each and every use must be assessed in advance. The greater the leeway that

is open to man, the greater his responsibility. Progress is always ambivalent. Risks and opportunities must always be weighed against each other.

Sickness, suffering and death are a part of life. Reliaious belief lends a helping hand. Christians expect salvation from God, not from technology or from medicine. He alone, in the final analysis, can bring salvation.

That utopia of a new and better individual that runs like a clue of thread throughout human history will not come true as a result of either genome analysis or predictive medicine --- Rheinischer

There are no official statistics on

the number of drug addicts in Chi-

na, but in Yunnan alone the num-

ber is at least in the thousands.

"Not long ago we had no heroin use but in the last few years this become a serious

problem," Chen said. Chinese police seized nearly 293 kilogrammes of heroin last year — more than double the amount in 1988.

Courts sentenced 69 people to death for drug trafficking in Yunпan last year and many more were jailed. A poster on a Kunming street announces the execution late last month of one man caught with 1.7 kilogrammes of he-

In the town of Jinghong, about 70 kilometres from Burma, similar notices posted outside the court house proclaim jail terms of up to eight years for five men convicted of drug trafficking. Photographs show them on trial, their heads bowed and policemen at their side.

There are no official statistics on the number of drug addicts in China, but in Yunnan alone the number is at least in the thousands. There are 538 patients at three officially sponsored drug treatment centres in the province, health officials said:

Medical clinics also treat addicts, and police have other detoxification centres, little more than locked rooms where addicts lie in painful withdrawal, said people familiar with the drug trade. A doctor at a treatment centre said many users are unwilling to seek help, fearing

they will be turned over to "There are marry more of them," said a nurse.

Among those who turn drugs are relatively wealthy. private businessmen as well as unemployed and disaffected youths, health officiais said.

drugs on his 13- and 15-yearold children travelling with him."

Drugs are later transported to Guangdong province, along the southern coast, where they are loaded aboard fishing boats or cargo ships to the neighbouring British colony of Hong Kong and eventually reach their final markets such as the United States.

roin is smoked, many users along the border are injecting drugs. Sharing needles has led to another threat — AIDS. In Ruili, with a population of 80,000, tests on 1,000 drug. users found 146 AIDS carriers although none had con-

Although in Kunming he-

China is being forced to spend more time and money on fighting drugs. It has formed a 1,300-man task force to combat drugs in Yunnan alone and is training customs officials in detection. New regulations, effective

tracted the disease itself.

this year, allow local authorities to set up treatment centres, and police can force drug users to accept treatment Police, however, maintain their Socialist system gives their special_immunity_from

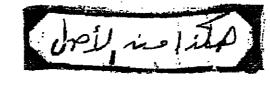
some of the darker aspects of

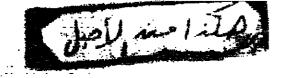
Socialist system, we don't

narcotics, insisting there is no official involvement in the "We have a different social system than the West," said Chen. "Because: of our

have corrupt police." But the lucrative business already mocks some of Chinna's Communist values. Ove the doorway of a cafe known to be a drug-centre, e banner exhorts people to study Lei. Feng. a selfless soldier hailed as a model of Marxist virtue.

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Couriers — modern Hermes or 'time vs. time-sensitive'

By Ica Wahbeh Jordan Times staff writer

AMMAN - Remember 1001 nights" with the benevolent giant genies who move people and things with the speed of thought? Or Alladdin's lamp? You wish it, you get it.

- Well, it is somewhere along these lines that express courier services have spring up. But the marked difference is that the average person in the street knows very little about the system, and most of those who use it are too basy to figure out how it works.

It is common these days in Amman streets to see dozens of small cars bearing the signs "DHL" or "TNT/Skypak" or "Aramex." What do they stand for, and what do they

Quite simply, if you have an orgent document in original or material (barring certain categories) to be rushed to New York, then it is time to contact one of the international courier. It's something like the. good old pony express; the man collects the mail from your doorstep and delivers it to its destination by hand.

But, instead of ponies, today's couriers use high-speed aircraft.

in the case of TNT, the idea of an express courier system can be traced back to the initiative of an enterprising Australian who in 1946 was delivering newspapers on domestic level. The operation must have been worthwhile as the basis for Thomas Nationwide Transportation (TNT) was set.

In case of DHL, the international air express industry was started 20 years by three men: Dalsey (D), Hillblom (H) and Lynn (L). They saw the advantage of cargo manifests arriving in port before the ships, resulting in speedier cargo clearance and reduced costs and so, gradually expanding, DHL became the first company to offer a comprehensive, door-to-door service. "From this initial impetus grew the global industry. of international express delivery of time sensitive documents and small packages," the officials at DHL say.

An alternative to the TNT and DHL is the Arab Aramex. which describes Jordan as its iumping board.

Established only seven years ago, Aramex claims it has proved itself a "valid" competition in the delivery network in the Mideast and the Arab World.

'Speed and reliability'

The key characteristics of an international air express service, according to the companies as well as their chentele, are a worldwide service combined with speed, security and reliability of delivery since information has become more time critical and more valuable in a society fast transforming itself into service-oriented.

As the internationalisation of world markets increased, so did thinking in terms of global strategies to exploit the full potential of world trade and

services. As a result, communication became crucial, and there the express couriers stepped in to fill the gap. All these changes created an environment propitious for the development, of the international air express sector. And indeed it boomed.

According to Cameron Grant, general manager for Amman DHL office, the company now owns 110 aircraft, making it the 16th largest airline in the world. Four of the planes operate in the Middle East. The company has 900 offices in over 190 countries and 20,000 employees world wide; it makes use of helicopters, cars, trucks, even motorcycles for delivery.

"One crucial question is: How long does it take a letter handed over to a courier in Amman to reach its destina-

It depends on the region. As Grant out it: "DHL focuses heavily on staffing its offices with DHL staff: that is, we are concentrating on the ratio of owner-operated outlets as opposed to having agents-operated outlets. This gives DHL more control over the customers' shipments and belps us focus on global stan-

Aramex services over 30 cities and communities in the Middle and Near East, with its own offices and stations in all Arab countries. Jordan is Aramex's head office and "jumping board to the area."

According to Ghandour: "The Middle East is some years behind in the express industry and it cannot be made into an easy market either politically or economically. We have to continue to grow on our own inertia and, possibly, in cooperation with the four or five big express boys who want to dominate the world today. But we have built a considerable network and we have the determination to become the number one in the Middle

A big accomplishment for the company was the conclusion of an agreement with Federal Express, a U.S. company, to handle Fed-Ex consignments in the Middle East. Winning this business was the iewel in Aramex crown. To us Fed-Ex is finally the stamp of approval," according to Ghan-

'Things in the Middle East'

How things work in the Mid-

The key characteristics of an international air express service, according to the companies as well as their clientele, are a worldwide service combined with speed, security and reliability of delivery since information has become more time critical and more valuable in a society fast transforming itself into service-oriented.

As the internationalisation of world markets increased, so did thinking in terms of global strategies to exploit the full potential of world trade and services, As a result, communication became crucial, and there the express couriers stepped in to fill the gap.

dards and peformances such as our promise of next day pre-10.30 delivery to the Gulf, Saudi Arabia and Europe."

What above other regions? "No more than two days unless there is a public holiday or bad weather conditions, Grant replied.

The general manager for TNT Skypak International in Amman, Bassam Shaker, spoke with pride and commitment about the company. TNF's main business till 1982 was big parcels. In 1982 it bought Skypak (an English di-vision) and it became a full service courier. There are 43 divisions under TNT. The company now owns 72 aircraft and has 727 offices in 184 countries. Over 50,000 people work for it. TNT also owns 63 ships and 60,000 trucks. The average mail per week is 185,000 shipments. Time for delivery: Between 24-72 hours.

Aramex President Fadi Ghandour could not be reached in person, but from the material put at the Jordan Times' disposition (quotes included), the company offers its Arab clientele "excellent delivery times at cost-conscious and very competitive prices."

dle East was made clear by Grant of DHL. The regional, sorting centre is in Bahrain. All parcels pass through Bahrain where they are checked, sorted, loaded on or off planes for subsequent delivery. DHL has nine 'hubs' (re-

world; TNT has five. "Doesn't having to send ni buer to Revi whole process?"

gional offices) around the

No, said Grant. "It gives us continuity, and guarantees for time sensitive deliveries." he

What can be sent through international air express? Almost everything within certain limits. There are blanket restrictions on items including: hazardous or combustible materials, firearms, valuables, jewellery, currency, also obscene material.

There is no limit to the total shipment, but individual package weight differs (for DHL, for example, it is 30 kg).

'High cost but high returns'

The cost also differs by destination. Some 'snooping' showed that the cost was some-

where in the range of JD32 to 38 per half a kilogramme. Not little, the advantages include speedy, door-to-door delivery. and customs facilities (fast clearance), to a contion the obvious ones. More subtle advantages are felt by banks (for whom a pre-noon delivery means a full-day interest added) or less developed countries which are enabled to enter a new country or market with limited investments by using express service to deliver samples for sales personnel

The early major users of air express services were banks and finance houses where delay in delivery of cheques and promissory notes entailed considerable financial loss. But with the growth of air express industry, it seems customers started making more systematic use (as opposed to emergency) of this speedy ser-

and then the goods ordered by

the customer.

Is it enough to send the parcels and cash the money? 'Door-to-door (person to person) delivery is very important and consistent checks are made to see the consignment in progress - for the client's peace of mind," DHL official

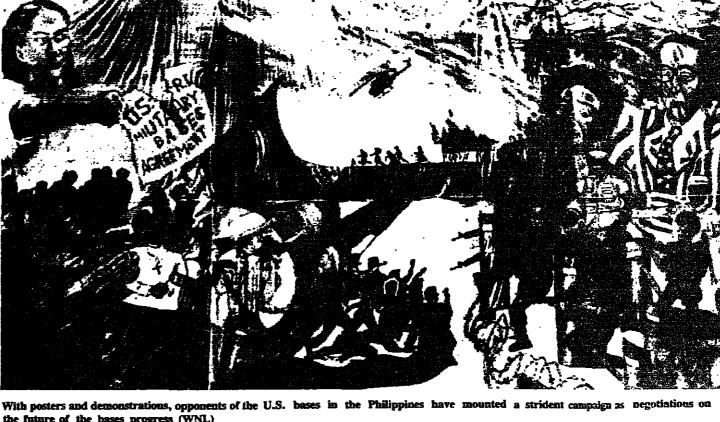
Technology, technology

Skypak receives daily computer sheets from the centre (Bahrain). DHL, on the other hand, boasts a unique Lasernet computer confirmation system whose wonder-wand-like works were fully demonstrated by Grant. The microcomputer, the size

of a hand gun, builds up a complete record of the shipment's progress, from time of pick-up to name of signatory at final delivery. Airbill number, destination, actual location in transit, pick-up and delivery time are all given at the touch of a button. The microcomputer works, to make it simpler to understand, somehow like the device that registers the registers the prices on products at a store. You actually see the laser beam travelling across the airbill code-bars. It stores the data and when nestled in the main computer (in a niche specially designed to it) a simple "play" on the keyboard will display everything you need to know about the consignment. Ingenious and simple at first sight, but it is actually hightech, satellite coordination. qualified staff and a significant

amount of money invested. As for staff, all three companies seem to attach great importance to having the best. They are continually trained, appraised, given incentives. What Ghandour said, could, on a wider scale, be applied to the others as well:

...Management trainee programme selects (Jordanian) university graduates, trains them for months off and onthe-job in various departments, then posts them in outstations abroad with full responsibility to function and produce creatively."



Filipino emotions take over as talks begin over bases

MANILA (WNL) - "The world is unhinged. Everything has changed, all the old signposts are gone," says the compact, animated woman as she takes a break from a seemingly endless evening session of the Filipino Senate.

"I mean, who is the threat now?" she asks. "China? Japan? I think we have to talk to them. The era of confrontation is over. Leticia Ramos Shahani - head of the Philippine Senate Foreign Relations Committee, doctor of comparative literature, former ambassador and United Nations official, sister of Defence Secretary Fidel V. Ramos - thinks there's no longer any reason to have U.S. military bases on Philippine soil. Siding with her is a majority of the 23-member Senate, which must approve any new agreement on the bases.

With negotiations under way on what will happen after the current \$481 million a year lease agreement expires, it seems that emotions are speaking louder than facts in Filipino political circles. After asking for yearly payments of \$2 billion a year as rent for two bases - Clark Air Base and Subic Navai Base home to about 18,000 U.S. servicemen, most local politicians are now seeing the bases as the superfluous symbol of an unequal "special relationship" between Washington and Manila. While other countries in South-

east Asia view the presence of U.S. military facilities here as a regional security issued, to many Filipinos — from peasants to coup-plotters to mainstream politicians — it has always been tied up with wrenching questions about national identity. And while the financial, strategic and social impact of the bases still inspires heated debate — the bases produce 5 per cent of the country's gross national product and are the largest employer after the government — discussions of the issue almost always boil down to the word "sovereignty"

"Unfortunately, what the Americans don't understand is that their presence here is overmember of President Corazon than 40 per cent. Aquino's ruling coalition, says. She adds that the removal of the bases might be just the challenge her country needs. The Philippines, once one of Asia's richest countries, has failed to develop significantly since the 1950s, in spite of billions of dollars in aid from the United States and other

donors. Shahani scoffs at those who believe that Filipino politicians, in their vocal opposition to the continuation of the base agreement, are merely bluffing in order to get more money. "We're not talking in terms of compensamaybe, but we won't disappear under the sea."

Paradoxically, as Filipino politicians turn on the heat to get rid of the bases, they may find that there is no pot to boil: As part of its policy of cutting overseas troops and reducing its military budget — \$200 billion is to be chopped out of the military services programmes by 1997 — the U.S. is already looking at alternatives to maintaining the Clark and Subic bases. The U.S. Pacific Command has even drawn up plans to pull out within a year and relocate some facilities to Guam.

Experts say that the Clark Air Base could be replicated relatively cheaply, but relocating facilities at Subic Bay would be more costly: the naval base can support combat operations of several carrier battle groups and logistics for naval operations throughout the Western Pacific and Indian

Besides the Philippines, the U.S. military presence in East Asia and the Pacific consists of about 50,000 troops in Japan and 43,000 in South Korea. After a recent trip to Asia, U.S. Secretary of Defence Dick Chenev announced that both countries had agreed to a 10 per cent cut in troops stationed there. Also, Tokyo will increase its share of the \$7.5 billion cost of maintain-

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whelming," Shahani, a moderate ing U.S. forces in Japan to more U.S. troops will also be cut in

Western Europe, and at home, abot 120 military bases within the The prospect of seeing a muchreduced U.S. military presence in

the Pacific is disquieting for newly prosperous Asian nations. Vhile the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) has made no formal statement on the Philippines bases, individual countries have indicated their desire to see a strong U.S. profile in the region. Reasons range from a fear of Chinese and North Kotion," she says. "Sovereignty is rean military expansion to a conthe overriding issue. Although we cern that Japan's economic domiare poor, we won't collapse when nance may extend into the militthe bases leave. We will suffer any vacuum left by an American departure.

For Senator Shahani, Philippine concerns should come before regional concerns, although she acknowledges that there are important security issues to confront. "We have to talk about an international convention to guard our sea lanes, if that's what the stronger powers are afraid of," she says. The Philippine concern about

overeignty and identity goes

back many years. The archipelago became an American colony in 1899, at a time when nationalists had just wrested power from Spain which left a legacy of political dominance by a small circle of the very rich — mostly landowners with massive holdings. Independence was secured in 1946 and the first agreement on the bases was signed a year later. Periodic reviews produced a series of amendments, the last one dating back to 1988, when after much nationalist posturing the negotiations came to centre on the question of money.

The "compensation package" is still a major area of disagreement between the U.S. and the Philippines — not only the level of compensation, but the defini-tion as well. While Japan and South Korea pay a substantial portion of the costs of supporting the U.S. presence in their coun-

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tries, the Philippines is the third largest recipient of U.S. aid. Manila would like to see much of the aid it receives considered Congress is debating the closing of rent, while Washington prefers to view it as military and development assistance for an ally and holds that the question of the bases' future should be separate from the payment issue.

Under the 1988 agreement renewal guaranteeing \$481 million a year plus other aid, the Philippines is receiving \$200 million for military assistance programmes, \$160 million for an economic support fund, \$40 million for development assistance, \$50 million for food aid, \$25 million for housing investment, and \$6 million for transport projects.

President Aquino is standing by previous statements that she is "keeping her options open" despite recent pressure by Senate members to come up with a more decisive approach as negotiations progress. "The period for that is over; the moment of truth is approaching," says Shahani.

While most observers acknowledge that the average Filipino still favours the retention of the bases, Senator Shahani counters that people are simply uninformed. A common argument put forward by opponents of the bases is that, since the upheaval in Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union's belt tightening because of severe economic problems, there is no longer any real threat to the regional security in

Another factor is that educated urban Filipinos have long felt ambivalent about their close ties to the U.S. Proud of their ability to adapt to Western ways, they have had little success from which to draw inspiration at home. Their own efforts stifled by poverty and corruption, they have watched other Asian countries pass them by on the road to economic success.

"We Filipinos, have a right to think for ourselves. We have a right to be global, to be universal. America is so far away!" exclaims

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Vote against limited agenda

(Continued from page 1) provisional law on investment in-

Speaking at the session held in a meeting hall in the parliament's building, Speaker Suleiman Arar said that the purpose of the meeting was to conduct an information aussion to determine whether deputies would rather limit the issues on the agenda or prefer to give priority to some of the

Islamic Brotherhood Deputy Yousef Azem (Ma'an) supported the proposal, saying that some provisional laws such as the one on higher education requires a lengthy and extensive debate that is better left for the next ordinary session to allow time in the extraordinary session for matters that are of more pressing nature.

Jammoh responded by saying that priorities and topics of discassion could not be determined after the King issues the Royal Decree approving the extraordinary session. He noted that it was the King who decides which topics are to be included on the agenda of the session, in accordance with the Constitution.

Arar told the meeting that Prime Minister Mudar Badran had assured him that the government had "no objection to the chooses in the upcoming session of the matter and leave the sion.

Deputies Fares Nabulai (Amman) and Salim Zobi (Ramtha), who are both lawyers, said that according to Article 82 of the Constitution, the House proposes the topics it wants to debate as part of the memo sent to the King requesting an extraordinary session. They both insisted on holdinig on to the original agenda, while accommodating govern-ment proposals according to their ment as perceived by the House.

Deputy Hussein Mjalli (Jerash), also a lawyer, reminded the House that it was the King who decides the topics to be tackled by the House in an extraordinary session as well as the length of the session.
Deputy Thougan Hindawi

(Irbid) ageed with the legal opinion presented by Mjalli, Zo'bi and Nabulsi, and added that the King would only be considering proposals for the agenda without any commitment on his part to include any particular topic in his decree setting the agenda for an extraordinary session. However, Jammoh interjected to explain that the purpose of Wednesday's meeting session was for the government to "consult the House on the topics it wants on the agenda so that it responds to their request."

Deputies then endorsed a House discussing any topic it proposal by Arar to close discussion of the matter and leave the

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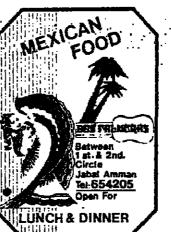
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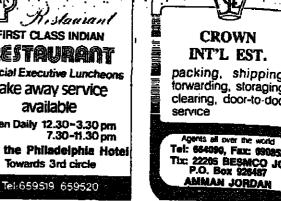
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Oil ministers begin emergency talks to try to mop up glut

OPEC tries to cut output, raise prices

GENEVA (R) — Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) oil ministers began emergency talks on Wednesday voicing hopes they could soon agree on production cuts to mop up a glut. and raise

agree on one thing: They are producing too much oil and this has flooded the market and cut prices by 25 per cent.

But now they must face the difficult decision of which member state should turn down the taps and by how much?

In informal soundings, the Algerian president of OPEC, Sadek Boussena, asked those countries which are exceeding their mandated quotas how much they would be prepared to contri-.

The 13 members of OPEC bute to a round of production

"There are many so many proposals but I think we will finish today or tomorrow," said the Iraqi minister, Issam Abdul-Rahim Al Chalabi.

The talks began formally in the absence of the minister of Iran, Gholamreza Aqazadeh, whose aircraft was delayed.

Aqazadeh in an earlier newspaper interview publicly blamed current price weakness on quota-

busting by three Gulf Arab producers, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates

(UAE). Saudi Arabia, the world's biggest oil exporter, was said by delegates to be upset at being singled out. It says its policy is simply to defend its traditional share of just under 25 per cent of whatever OPEC produces.

Cuts by other above-quota sellers, including Nigeria and Vene-zuela, could therefore is expected to bring an automatic decline in Saudi volume.

Iraq thinks OPEC output may have to be cut as low as 22 million barrels per day (BPD) from a recent peak around 24.

Delegates said the Saudis seemed flexible but may think that OPEC output in May and

June at between 22.5 and 23 million would be a reasonable goal.

A statement Tuesday by the Saudi minister, Hisham Nazer, that he favoured higher prices, helped add 27 cents to New York futures for the U.S. benchmark crude, west Texas intermediate (WII), which ended Tuesday at \$18.81 per barrel.

Western industry sources said the Saudis, historic advocates of moderate oil prices, were not unhappy to see WII drop in recent weeks from near \$24 in. January.

But delegates said Sandi Arabia now wants a stable market and favoures measures later this year to solve the problem of chronic quota-breaking by

The basic of any Saudi-brokered deal in Geneva could be that Kuwait and the UAE consent to cut output now i return for an understanding that they will be allocated bigger quotas when OPEC meets again late in June to decide pricing and production policy for the second half of 1990, some delegates said.

The 35-minute opening plenary session of the talks adjourned and was to resume on Wednesday evening after more bilateral talks of the kind with which OPEC det is are usually sorted out.

Founder OPEC members Iraq

and 'ran, needing cash to rebuild after their Gulf war, and many debt-laden third world oil states in and outside OPEC are angry about the recent fall in prices. Egypt, not an OPEC member,



is said by Middle East diplomats to have been furious at having to cut its prices by around \$2 in mid-April.

It is now gambling on a success-ful OPEC meeting and has already raised oil prices \$0.45 per barrel from May 1.

German monetary union details agreed

EAST BERLIN (R) — East and West Germany have reached a compromise on monetary union that would allow older East Germans to swamp up to 6,000 marks (\$3.570) at par and younger people less, an East German spokesman said Wednesday.

Bonn had originally suggested an across-the-board swap of 4,000 marks (\$2,350) for all savings at one-to-one, with further amounts further amounts exchanged at two-to-one, when it introduces the powerful West German mark in East Germany July 2.

Announcing the agreement, East German government official Matthias Gehler also told reporters that West German tourists would be able to exchange money at two-to-one rather than the current rate of three-to-one.

The question of how much of their nearly worthless currency East Germans would be able to exchange at a favourable rate has dominated the debate about monetary union

Gehler said the amount for children up to 14 years old would be dropped to 2,000 (\$1,190). The new 6,000-mark ceiling would apply to people 60 or

THE BETTER HALF,

Government sources said earher that the deal would allow Bonn to offer an improved package, especially for older people. who have saved for years to supplement their meagre pen-sions, while avoiding any extra costs for West Germany.

East Germany has been pressing for a better deal ever since Bonn unveiled its offer to swap all wages, pensions and up to 4,000 marks savings at a one-toone rate.

West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl has been eager to help his fellow Christian Democrats in the East German government as they approach local elections Sunday. Several influential economic

officials, including Finance Minister Theo Waigel and (central) Bundesbank head Karl Otto Poehl, argued that Bonn's offer was already the furthest it could go without over-burdening the West German economy.

Their concern reflects fears that by printing marks for the conversion. West Germany will fuel inflation, Europe's lowest, and be forced to raise interest rates to defend the Deutsche mark in a move with repercussions across the continent:

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S. African investors cautious as power_sharing talks begin

By Rory Channing Reuter

JOHANNESBURG - South African investors, wary of blacks having a bigger say in running the economy, are taking a cautious attitude as white rulers meet black leaders this week for landmark talks on power sharing.

Nelson Mandela, deputy leader of the African National Congress (ANC), helped to dispel some of the jitters that have recently gripped the business community when, a week ago, he appeared to soften his commitment to

"In a sense it's a very hopeful sign," said John Rogers, a partner with stockbrokers Edey, Rogers and Co. Inc.

"It is a signal that the ANC may be prepared to take a more flexible line," he added, echoing the views of other analysts.

Mandela's remarks, in which he said the ANC favoured nationalisation only if it strengthened the economy, helped share prices on the Johannesburg stock exchange to recover some of the sharp losses suffered in recent weeks.

The exchange's overall index. after falling to 2,976 on Wednesday last week — the same level at which it started 1990 - had. Feb. 2. recovered to 3,066 in morning trade a week later, before the start of the so-called "talks about - can Chamber of Business ecotalks" on power sharing to be nomist Keith Lockwood. held in Cape Town from Wednes-

day to Friday.

U.N. General Assembly has en-

ded a special session on economic

cooperation by adopting a wide-

ranging declaration that has been

hailed as a landmark and unpre-

The document, accepted by ev-

ery member Tuesday, was aimed

at boosting the economies of de-

veloping nations. But it also re-

flected the decline of communist

ideologies, the weak economic

position of developing states -

and the desire to arrive at a

consensus that included the Un-

In the past, declarations about

the north-south conflict have

been passed by the assembly's

Third World majority, with support from the Soviet Union and

Eastern European states and over

the objections of Washington and

(document) they wanted to," a

"They could have put out any

cedented.

ited States.

some of its allies.

the year's peak of 3,392 on March

On Tuesday the ANC said in a statement issued in Zimbabwe that it might re-nationalise state companies now being privatised in South Africa if it came to

The present climate contrasts with the euphoria which met sweeping political reforms made three months ago by President F. W. de Klerk, followed nine days later by Mandela's release.

Those events triggered strong buying of shares by both foreign and local investors hopeful that efforts to dismantle apartheid would promote greater internal stability and ease South Africa's international isolation.

The more sombre mood now reflects an acceptance that negotiations on any deal to give the five-to-one black majority full political rights could be arduous.

Also damaging to investor sentiment has been the slump in world prices for gold, fears until recently of an increase in local interest rates, and a slowdown in

So has Mandela's repeated commitment to armed struggle and an upsurge in black unrest throughout the country since de Klerk unveiled his reforms on

"The euphoria has given way uncertainty." said South Afr

He said that, although Mandela's recent comments on nationa-But this remained well below lisation, repeated by other ANC ANC would commission experts

UNITED NATIONS (R) - The U.S. official told reporters. "But ket economies, political pluralism

they wanted us - not the Euro-

pean Community - but us... us

contributor of foreign aid, suc-

ceeded in keeping several con-crete proposals it did not like out

.Defeated also was a call for

wealthier nations to forgive the

debts of more than 40 of the

And Washington dissociated it-

self from a reaffirmation of U.N.

goals for industrial nations to

contribute 0.7 per cent of their gross national product (GNP) to

ing countries are in such a posi-

tion of weakness they are unable

and need to address their im-

With references to open-mar-

The United States, the largest

U.N. adopts landmark

economic declaration

of the document.

world's poorest states.

the Third World.

mediate survival."



F.W. de Klerk

ity," it's still hanging over the heads of business. They haven't said they won't nationalise."

The financial rand, a restricted currency designed to encourage foreign investment and a barometer of foreign confidence, on Wednesday showing a loss of around one fifth of its value against the dollar since Mandela's release.

The stock exchange index for gold shares stood at 1,711 in morning trade Wednesday, 20 points higher than at the time of Mandela's remarks on nationalisation a week previously. But, because of a low world

gold price and local political unthe 2,049 at which it started 1990 and its peak this year of 2,250 on Feb. 2.

Mandela said April 25 the

and human rights, the document

committed nations urgently to

promote economic growth in the

Third World in order to realise

"the basic right of all human beings to a life free from hunger,

poverty, ignorance, disease and

It also called for durable and

broad solutions to debt problems.

environmentally-sound develop-

ment policies, a reduction of

military expenditures, an end to

protectionism and a recognition

by developed nations to consider

the impact of their fiscal policies

Low profile

tions in Eastern Europe - with

the proviso that their needs

priority placed on international

the developing countries."

development cooperation with

Many positive references were

on the Third World.

Said a U.N. official: "Develop- made to the high-profile revolu-

to think in medium and long-term should not "detract from the high



upporters, showed some flexibil- to study the nationalisation of mines, banks and monopolies, and if their findings did not encourage nationalisation, the movement would listen carefully to their advice:

He added that the organisation, the main movement fighting white minority rule, was not opposed to capitalism and sectors of the economy which were not nationalised would operate on a free-enterprise basis.

The respected business day newspaper Monday underlined dangers posed by the absence of a clear policy on an issue which analysts say has scared off foreign investors.

"The longer the threat of longer capital flight will continue and the longer investment in manufacturing and job creation will be put off," it said in an

German industry's hopes, fears aired at Hanover fair

HANOVER (R) — The world's largest trade fair opened in Hanover Wednesday with West German industry keen to profit from German unification but still fretting over the potential costs.

"The growing together of West and Eastern Europe is a big challenge for German industry, West German chancellor Helmut Kohl said at the fair's opening CETERIORY.

His government believes private industry holds the key to evitalising East Germany. But West German industrialists, enjoying bumper profits, still be-lieve Bonn will have to step in to bear some of the burden. "East German industry stands

at the beginning of a difficult transitional phase," said Helmut Werner, head of the truck division of West Germany's biggest company, Daimler-Benz AG. Daimler signed a cooperation

agreement with IFA, East Germany's largest truck maker, in March and plans to unveil its first jointly designed truck prototype

Although Daimler can belo East Germany to modernise its products. Wernet said West Ger-

East German industry could not restore East German industry's financial solvency.

East Germany's centrally planned economy allowed companies to run up huge debts with the state bank. Many of these firms will find repayments difficult once they are converted into West German marks under German monetary union on July 2. The old debts... cannot be handled by West or East German

ner told reporters. His concern were echoed at the same news conference by IFA

industry," Daimler-Benz's Wer-

"It won't be possible for many East German companies to survive monetary union without government help," said Lothar Heinzmann, chief executive of the East German truck maker.

East Germany's government has said that 20 per cent of the country's industry has no future once it has to compete directly against Western firms after monetary union.

But Kohl said West German industry could hardly be in better shape to deal with East Germany's economic woes.

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Wednesday, May 2, 1990

U.S. dollar Pound Sterling Deutschemark Swiss franc French franc	8uy 669.0 1097.9 397.4 458.7 118.5	Sell 673.0. 1104.5 399.8 461.5 119.2	Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder Swedish crown Italian lira (for 100) Belgian franc (for 10)	422.3 353.3 109.6 54.3 192.7	424.8 355.4 110.3 54.6 193.9	
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Central Bank official rates

French fr		118.5	119.2		• •	٠.		
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L	DND	ON E	XCH	AN	GÉ	RA'	TES	

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

One Sterling	1.6340/50 .
One U.S. dollar	1.6405/15
	1.1660/70
	1.8950/60
	1.4600/10
	34.76/81
•	5.6490/6540
	1235/1236
	157.90/158.0
	6.1025/75
	6.5285/5335
•	6.4085/4135

One ounce of gold 370.10/370.60

Canadian dollar **Deutschemarks** Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen

U.S. dollar

Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

closing above 30,000 for the first time since April 20, on the last day of trading before a four-day weekend. The Nikkei closed at 30,173.64, up 483.81 points. SYDNEY — The Market closed sharply higher on buying from

offshore investors and local bargain hunters. The All Ordinaries Index soared 22.3 points, or 1.5 per cent, to end, at 1462.9. KONG KONG - Shares ended firmer as bargain hunters returned to the market. The Hang Seng Index rose 8.52 to

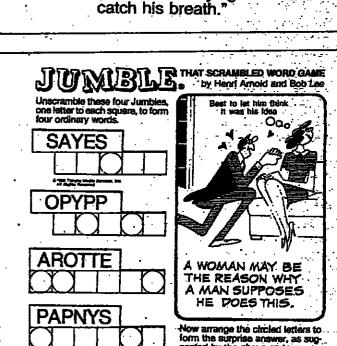
bargain hunting towards the close pared early losses. The Straits Times Industrial Index shed 0.22 point to end at 1,458.18.

always nervousness when the index touches 800." FRANKFURT - Foreign investors returned after three weeks of declining prices. The Dax Index rose 30.16 in thin trade to close at

All-Share Swiss Performance Index closed 4.9 points firmer at

gain 19.7 to 2,137.6.

At 1711 GMT the Dow Jones industrials were up 11.94 to



"Last week Stanley did two

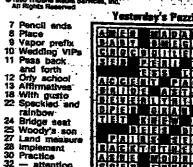
sit-ups. He's still trying to

gested by the above cartoon.

Yesterday's Jumbles: PEONY MOURN BEYOND PUZZLE Answer: If you watch too much football, you might wear out this—YOUR "END" ZONE

THE Daily Crossword by George Urquitart





60 Deadlock

60 Deadlock 62 Racetracks 63 Work hard 84 Charles' pet 65 Adjust the alarm 66 Bows 67 Autocrat

DOWN
1 Treaty
2 Chills and
fever
1 Harsh cry
4 Finessa
5 Thong
6 Super athlete

— attention — State (Kentucky) Forearm box

Taiwan's stock exchange battered by political fears

TAIPEI (R) — Taiwan's stock market, unstable at the best of times, has fallen dramatically this week as rumours of financial collapse among the market's big players and hints of politcal instability take their toll on uneasy investors.

Share prices, battered by two consecutive days of sharp losses. bottomed out again Wednesday, pushing the index down more than five per cent until a lastminute buy-in by shaken brokerage houses pulled the market off its lows.

The index finished down 160.39 points at 8,574.54, but brokers said the market, which has lost 1,090 points, or 11 per cent, since Saturday, was not out of the woods yet. "Investors now will panic at

anything. No one has faith in the Hui's leadership style.

Yi, vice president of King's Securities Investment Consulting

The market's slide began Saturday, when hints of a deepening rift between President Lee Teng-Hui and Premier Lee Wednesday amid rumours that Huan first began to surface in the some of the markets shadowy local press.

Lee Teng-Hui, Taiwan's first native-born leader, is due to make new cabinet appointments before he is inaugurated to his first full term as president May

He has hinted he may not retain Lee Huan, a strong political force in his own right and representative of more conservative elements in the ruling Nationalist Party, who are reportedly unhappy with Lee Teng-

"Political instability is the main reason for the market's current drop," said Daniel Chiang, vice president of International Invest-

ment Trust. The downward trend was accelerated in early trading on "big players," who in the past have helped to engineer rapid gains on the bourse, were in financial trouble, dealers said.

"The rumours have beloed to make people even more nervous," Hsu said, adding that nobody really knew how the big players' finances stand.

Dealers said brokerage houses and institutional investors moved into the market in the final minutes to save the index from yet another huge drop.

Morocco devalues dirham by 10 per cent

RABAT (R) - Morocco has devalued the dirham by an average of 10 per cent, the country's central bank, Bank Al Maghrib, told commerical banks Wednesday.

The new rate against the dollar was 8.85 dirhams compared to 8.04 dirhams April 25, when banks closed for six days because of public holidays. That represents a devaluation of about 9.15 per cent.

The French franc was now worth 1.57 dirhams against 1.41, and the pound sterling 14.53 dichams against 13.14.

The devaluation was not publicly announced by the finance ministry. Commercial banks were informed of the new rates by Bank Al Maghrib in a telex message marked very urgent." The Moroccan authorities

have been urged to devalue by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank as part of a financial re-adjustment programme. The programme is designed

to straighten out the country's finances currently burdened by a foreign debt estimated by the World Bank at \$22 billion. Fiftance Minister Mohamed Berrada was expected to comment on the devaluation at a

news conference later

Wednesday.

Moroccan debt prices rose sharply on the secondary market for sovereign loans in response to the country's proposed rescheduling agreement last month with leading foreign bank creditors.

TOKYO - Stocks ended higher, with the benchmark index

SINGAPORE - Prices ended mixed in lethargic trading as

BOMBAY — The Bombay stock exchange index touched 800.01 in early trade then fell to 786.21, down 8.92 points on the day. "The market is fickle-hearted," a broker commented. "There's

ZURICH - Interest concentrated on special situations. The

PARIS — Blue chips led the market upwards but trade remained light. The CAC-40 index gained 19.57 points to 2,066.03. LONDON - Wall Street's firmer start belped the FTSE index

NEW YORK — Blue chips shrugged off negative economic news.

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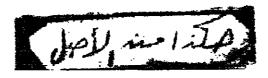
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cled letters to SWET, as 54)

PUZZLE



SPORTS IN BRIEF

Aniwerp appeals against ban, fine

BRUSSELS (R) - Antwerp has appealed against a 15-month ban imposed by the European Football Union (UEFA) on midfielder Patrick Schrootea for drug taking. Antwerp Secretarygeneral Louis Wonters said the Belgian club had also appealed against a 50,000 Swiss franc (\$34,000) fine imposed on it over the Schrooten case. Urine samples taken from Schrooten after. Antwerp's UEPA Cup quater-final second leg match against Cologne in March showed the presence of ampheramines. "We will not just appeal against the fine but also against the ban of Schrooten, although we will not challenge that the urine tests were positive," Wonters fold Renters by telephone. He said Answerp would base their case on the damage the loss of one of their key players for more than a year would cause. Schrooten, 27, denies he took drugs but has decided not to appeal personally. "The penalty can only get worse if I appeal. Moreover, it costs a lot of money to appeal and I would also have to pay my trip to Switzerland for the hearings, "Schrooten was quoted by Belgian.

Lazaroni to quit in July

newspapers as saying.

RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) — Brazilian national soccer team coach Sebastian Lazaroni says he will resign after the World Cup and return to coaching a club, possibly Fiorentina of the Italian league. "After the cup, I'm leaving the team," Lazaroni has said. The exhaustion (of coaching a national team) is great and in July I will return to working with a club." Lazaroni has been frustrated recently by the refusal of some European and Brazilian teams of release their players for World Cup training and hopes to go to Florence. "God willing, Fil sign a deal," he said. Brazil faces Bulgaria in an exhibition game Saturday but Lazaroni said he would name a starting team Thursday. "First, I have to see what condition the players arrive in and then I'll start to use them," he

GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE OUIZ

0.4-Neither vulnerable, as South

⊕J53 ♥9872 ₹Q7 ⊕KQ75

The bidding has proceeded:

What action do you take?

South West

Pass Pass

A .- North might or might not have

a club suit for his double, but the

one suit he must have for a takeout

double of a major is the other ma-

jor. Therefore, bid three hearts de-

spite the discrepancy of strength in

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you

≜8632 ♥A5 ♦AQ10 **♣J652**

Partner opens the bidding with one spade. What do you respond?

A.—If you play limit raises, this is

the hand for three spades. If your

you have something of a problem.

You have to respond two clubs now,

then support spades at your next

Q.6-Both vulnerable, as South you

♣AJ54 ♥AKQ82 ♥Void ♣KJ75

Partner opens the bidding with one diamond. What do you respond?

A.—The fact that you are three-suited with a void in opener's suit

makes your hand unsuitable for a

jump shift-you might need all the

room you can muster to describe your hand. Start with one heart.

Partner's rebid will determine your

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you

+954 76 0AQ1052 +8873 Partner opens the bidding with one neart. What do you respond? A .- Don't count your singleton in partner's suit as 2 distributional points, which would merit a response at the two-level. The hand is possible misfit, so you went to keep the bidding as low as possible. Bid one so trump. On a good day, partner will rebid in a minor.

Q.2-East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: • K83. 7A8763 A • K732 The bidding has proceeded: West North East Pusa 1 + Pass

What do you bid now? A -We are not among those who. espouse that you must have four-card support to raise partner's old level major-suit respon However, your hand with all its jump raises are forcing, however, prime cards and singleton is too good for a mere two spades. Bid two clubs, with the intention of raising one—to show better-then-s mum support.

Q.3 East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦ AQJ8754** ♥QJ5 = 994 • **₹**2

In first scal, what action do you take? A .- Your hand is worth seven tricks—six in spades and one in hearts. According to the Rule of Two and Three, that makes it worth an opening bid of four spades. We see no reason to take any other

glish league soccer title, manager Kenny Dalglish finally banished the bitter memories of last

And, in a more serious vein, he allowed himself the luxury of contemplating what next season

celebrated their record 18th En-

Liverpool bitter

LONDON (R) - As Liverpool extra three-year ban.

"It's a better feeling than last year," the normally taciturn Dalglish joked after his team had clinched the title by beating Queen's Park Rangers 2-1 at

Antield Saturday.

Last season, Dalglish was forced to watch in dismay as his team handed away the title to Arsenal on goal difference in the final minutes of the last match of

This year's win — beating their own record - was their seventh championship in the last 10 years and inevitably prompted Daiglish to think of a possible return to Europe.

"At least we have got the opportunity," the former Antield star said. "We have qualified, We have just got to let the administrators decide what is best for football.'

"We have qualified for the European Cup as champions... and we deserve to be champions of England," he said.

English clubs were banned from competing in Europe after 39 fans, mostly Italians, died at the European Cup final in Brussels' Heysei Stadium in 1985. . Liverpool, who were playing Juventus of Italy, were given an

Autralia beats China

SYDNEY (R) - Forward Jackie Pereira scored a hat-trick to pilot Olympic gold medallists Austraha to a 3-0 win over China on the opening day of the women's World Cup Hockey Tournament Wednesday.

The Netherlands, seeded third behind the home side, began their title defence in unimpressive fashion, beating last-minute entry the United States 3-0 thanks to two goals from short corners and one from a penalty stroke.

South Korea, silver medallists in Seoul and in pool B along with the Dutch, thrashed Spain 7-0 after scoring four goals in 13 minutes in the first half against a panicky Spanish defence. ine vast

er seen the Chinese play before Wednesday, started slowly before Pereira weaved through the defence to score at the near post in the 24th minute. Australia never hit top gear but

Pereira was in tremendous form, netting another field goal immediately after halftime and again in the 40th minute.

banishes memories

But newly-elected UEFA President Lennart Johansson said last week he was optimistic the ban could be lifted for next season and indicated that Liverpool could be included.

Dalglish also confessed he had been a little premature in celebrating his team's much-awaited

After sending his players out for a lap of honour, he discovered he had inadvertently jumped the gun and second-placed Aston Vilwere still in action against Norwich.,
"We were told it had finished,"

he said.

Liverpool knew the championship was theirs if Villa, who started the day two points behind and had one match remaining after Saturday, failed to win at home to Norwich.

"When we got into the dressing room we realised there were still a few minutes to go. It could have been a little embarrassing," said Swedish international defender Glena Hysen.

In the end the slip proved to be merely an act of foresight as Villa self-destructed 11 minutes from

After falling behind to an early Norwich goal, Villa went 3-1 up in an amazing six minute secondhalf spree that seemed certain to defer the title issue until next

But then they tossed their slender hopes away with an own-goal in the 79th minute and finally drew a demoralising 3-3 after Norwich equalised with seven mi-

The score left Liverpool, who clinched their match with a second-half penalty from England winger and player of the year John Barnes, an unassailable four points ahead.

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Argentina, Austria test Talents today

VIENNA (R) — Holders Argentina begin their World Cup count down in earnest with a soccer friendly against Austria Thursday and all eyes on a resurgent Diego Maradona.

With just over one month to go before Argentina open the tournament in Italy on June 8, Thursday's match in Vienna will be coach Carlos Bilardo's first chance in five months to field an authentic squad from players scattered across Europe.

The key to their chances of retaining the trophy they won in 1986 will be the mercurial Maradona, slimmed down but swelled by his success Sunday in steering Italian club Napoli to their second league title.

"With him in this form we can win the World Cup again," Bilardo enthused after Maradona's sparkling display in Sunday's 1-0 league win against Lazio.

"It's hard to say whether Diego is in better form now than when we won the cup in Mexico but I'm sure he's at least at the same level," he noted.

Bilardo has been unable to summon a solid squad since a tedious 0-0 draw against World Cup hosts Italy last December because so many of his players had European club commit-

But his 22-man selection for the friendly against fellow final-ists Austria will include nine of the team that played in the World Cup final against West Germany in Mexico.

Among them is Jorge Valdano, summoned out of retirement by Bilardo for Italy, through a knee injury in training has put a question mark over the veteran

outsider Enstone Spark to win without the benefit of a previous outing that season. This time his claims are much stronger. Negligent was winter

favourite for the Guineas after her two-year-old exploits. Training rumours prompted a

is said to have been working well at home recently and an exercise two weeks ago has sharpened her

based on her victory in last year's Rockfel Stakes at Newmarket, a race which produced the 1989 1,000 Guineas winner Musical

The clear danger is the 11-8 an Willie Carson.

Salsabil sprang a minor sur-prise in France last October to win a top two-year-old race, the Prix Marcel Boussac. On her reappearance this year she was an easy six lengths winner of the Newbury Fred Darling Stakes, invariably a reliable classic guide.

Second favourite heart of joy

Eddery poised for 1st 1000 Guineas success

NEWMARKET, England (Agencies) — Champion jockey Pat Eddery, fresh from riding five winners in succession Tuesday, is poised to caputre the English 1,000 Guineas horse race for the first time in his career Thursday.

The Irishman has won virtually every major race in Europe, but the 1,000 Guineas, the first classic of the flat racing season, has always eluded him.

The grey filly Negligent, trained by Barry Hills, can remedy that despite stiff opposition in the one mile (1.6 kilometre)

- Hills is bldding to repeat his feat of 1978 when he sent out 35-1

drift in price to 6-1, but Negligent spin round Newbury racecourse

Negligent's classic potential is

She slammed a good field, drawing away from her rivals to beat Fearless Revival by five

favourite Salsabil, trained by John Dunlop and ridden by veter-

(3-1) was a narrow winner of another classic trial, the Nell Gwyn Stakes, here last month.

question.

The Nell Gwyn was a finish of short heads with Heart of Joy shading in the Groove and Hasbah, who both run Thursday.

In the Groove (8-1) is trained associated with Desert Orchid in the jump racing season, American ex-champion Steve Cauthen

Hasbah (also 8-1), is a strong second string for Hamdan Al Maktouin; who also owns Salsa -: bil. The filly will be ridden by Richard Hills, son of trainer

In Louisville, Kentucky, Thirty Six Red is the name of the horse that, according to trainer Nick Zito, will win the Kentucky Derby. Zito trains the horse.

Virtually unknown a month ago, the son of Siew O' Gold won the Gotham April 7, then the-Wood Memorial April 21 at Aqueduct, and here he is now, a prime contender for Saturday's

116th Kentucky Derby. "If he was a human being, I'd say he wants this one real bad," Zito said. "Yesterday at feed Summer Squall.

Trainer Michael Stoute and time, he was bucking and kicking jockey Walter Swinburn won last and squealing. He really likes if year's Guineas with Musical Bliss down here. He can hear the and a repeat is not out of the crowds from the stall, he car hear the other horses. His ear: were pricking up all day long."

the streets of New York, like his trainer, instead of among the by David Elsworth, the man white rail fences of Kentucky. He would be a real tough kid. That's the way he races.

If he was a human being, Thirty

Six Red would have grown up on

"He's a street fighter, and he's going to give them all they can take." Zito said. In the wood, for example,

Thirty Six Red took the lead from Burnt Hills going into the final turn, lost it almost immediately, then got it back in the upper stretch. The two raced a head apart to the finish line.

People always wonder if his last race didn't take too much out of him," Zito said. "But that's the way it always is with him. I keep thinking about that, but he

just keeps coming." Thirty Six Red and Arkansas derby winner Silver Ending are considered the two primary threats to the two favourites, Santa Anita derby winner Mister Frisky and Blue Grass winner

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Performances: 3:30, 6:00, 8:30

Nabila Obeld in THE DANCER &

THE POLITICIAN (Arabic)

me: 3:30, d:15, ft:30, 10:30.



Performances: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30



chief deputy with 348 of 370

Goencz, a lawyer who entered

politics after World War II as a

member of the then-dominant

Smallholders' Party, has headed

the Hungarian Writers' Union

He spent six years in jail after

the 1956 revolt in Hungary

against Stalinism and rule from

Moscow. He won a reprieve on

At a news conference before

the vote, Forum leader Jozsef

Antall said the two rival parties

also had agreed that parliament

- and not the nation as a whole

to act as a go-between in setting

up an agenda and arranging other

details for the peace talks to

Two attempts to negotiate an

end to the war that has claimed

72,000 lives ended in deadlock in

1984 and 1985. A series of direct

talks that had started shortly after

Cristiani was sworn in as presi-

dent last July were broken off

because of the guerrillas' Novem-

Hours before the attack, an

estimated 40,000 people attended

a peaceful May Day rally outside

the Roman Catholic Metropoli-

tan Cathedral. The rally was held

by seven labour unions to criticise

Cristiani's economic policies and

Only a few police were de-

ployed in the area, and they did

not interfere with the demonstra-

to urge peace talks.

ber offensive.

would choose the country's

his life sentence in a general

amnesty granted in 1963.

since last December.

ballots cast.

Militants shown training in Pakistan

India rejects Pakistani proposal over Kashmir

VEW DELHI (R) — India said Wednesday it had rejected a akistani proposal that neutral observers investigate charges that siamabad backs Muslim Kash-

niris fighting New Delhi. Foreign Minister Inder Kumar Jujrai told parliament he had corned what he called "the patently propagandistic suggesion" by his Pakistani counterpart Sahabzada Yaqub Khan during alks in New York on April 25.

Indian charges, which Gujial repeated yet again, that Pakistan arms and trains the Kashmiri rebels have led to heated exchanges and fears of a fourth war between the two countries. Two of their three wars were over disputed Kashmir.

Gujral also repeated India's demand that "if Pakistan indeed sought peace and friendship, it must take tangible and credible measures to withdraw support to terrorism and desist from intervention in our internal

But, in a relatively mild statement, he did not repeat a warning issued Saturday that India would do anything necessary to prevent infiltration of tebels and arms into the Kashmir Valley from the one-third of the Himalayan region Islamabad rules.

Saturday's statement, which refused to rule out military action, made plain that India regarded Pakistani action to prevent such infiltration as the crucial test of its

Gujral said Yaqub Khan had suggested the United Nations or another outside agency investigate India's charges that Pakistan armed and trained the rebels, whose campaign has cost more than 300 lives so far this year.

"He should know that no international agency could effectively monitor clandestine assistance to terrorists," Gujral said.

Pakistan says India's refusal to allow Kashmiris to decide their own future in a plebiscite, first mandated by U.N. resolutions more than 40 years ago, and years of neglect was responsible for the revolt in Indian Kashmir.

India says the 1970 Simla Agreement, under which the twocountries agreed to resolve their differences over Kashmir in bilateral talks, superceded the U.N. resolutions.

"Both countries had consciously agreed on the irrelevance and redundancy of third party involvement in bilateral relations in the Simia Agreement," Gujral

He said that made the Pakistani idea of a neutral investigation 'neither helpful nor feasible."

Kashmiri militants in Azad (free) Kashmir, as the Islamabadcontrolled portion is known in Pakistan, admit they are training they but charges of direct government involvement remain un-

Meanwhile, Kashmiri militants, scared until now to admit they were training guerrillas inside Pakistan to fight Indian rule of their homeland, have blown away the smokescreen:

Emboldened by their growing strength and numbers, some talk freely about where they get their arms and have shown Western journalists guerrilla recruits getting basic weapons training in the section of Kashmir controlled by Pakistan.

It could prove explosive for relations between India and

Tension between the two countries is already reaching breaking point and there are fears of war. Pakistan denies any official involvement in the Kashmir rebellion, rejecting Indian charges that it arms and trains young Kash-tains to miris to fight the Kashmir Jihad, weeks.

World News in Brief

LONDON (R) — African National Congress (ANC) Deputy

President Nelson Mandela will visit Britain on July 3 and 4 for talks with Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, British officials said

Wednesday. Mandela, freed by South Africa on Feb. 11 after 27

years in jail, was last in Britain two weeks ago to attend a rock

concert in his honour but did not meet Thatcher, a strong opponent

of sanctions against Pretoria. The officials said Mandela would also

hold talks with Foreign Secretary Donglas Hurd during his visit.

which will follow an already scheduled meeting in Dublin with Irish Prime Minister Charles Haughey. Mandela has said he

would appeal to Thatcher for tougher sanctions against apartheid

when he meets her. Thatcher broke ranks with the European

Community with a partial lifting of sanctions after Mandela's

WARSAW (AP) - West German President Richard von

Weizsaecker arrived Wednesday for four days of talks as Poland

seeks security guarantees from the two Germanys before they

unify. Weizsaecker, the first West German head of state to visit

Poland, was greeted at Warsaw's airport by President Wojciech

Jaruzelski, Prime Minister Tadeusz Mazowiecki and other digni-

taries with whom he will hold discussions. The West German

president will also visit the Nazi concentration camp at Treb-

linka, and Gdansk, the former free city of Danzing whose small

Polish garrison was shelled by the German army at the outset of

World War II. Von Weizsaecker's trip marks a new stage in the

centuries of complex, and often bloody, relations between the neighbouring nations. West Germany is Poland's largest Western

trading partner, and its support is critical to the success of the

economic and political reforms undertaken by the new non-

COLOGNE, West Germany (R) - Oskar Lafontaine, the West

German opposition's candidate for chancellor almost killed in an

assassination attempt, left hospital Wednesday with doctors

recommending that he give campaigning a rest. Leaders of the

Social Democratic Party have said the 46-year-old Saar state

premier, stabbed in the throat at a campaign rally last week, will

return to the campaign trail to lead the drive to unseat Chancellor

Helmut Kohl in December elections. But, in a report issued as

Lafontaine left hospital cheered by about 150 well-wishers, doctors

recommended convalescence "far away from any professional

stress". As Lafontaine drove away from hospital, a scarf tucked

inside his coat hid the wound that almost ended his life. The

butcher's knife which doctor's assistant Adelheid Streidel plunged

HONG KONG (AP) - Four robbers, including a woman, held in

a shop in downtown Hong Kong Wednesday and escaped with

jewelry worth 15 million Hong Kong dollars (\$1.92 million),

police reported. Police said the robbers posed as customers, and

then two of the men pulled out guns and threatened the shop's

three women employees. They grabbed a large number of

diamond necklaces and bracelets before escaping on foot, police

PERING (AP) — Thirty miners were killed and another 11

injured in a mine explosion in China's northeastern province of

Heilongjiang last month, according to a Heilongjiang radio

broadcast. The disaster occurred on April 15 in the Taoshan

Coliery, an operation under the state-run Qitaihe mining adminis-

tration bureau, the radio said. The April 16, broadcast was

reported by the British Broadcasting Corp. monitoring service and seen in Peking Wednesday. It said a power outage stopped

the ventilation system and led to a buildup of gas that was ignited

by equipment being used in the mine. Several thousand miners

are estimated to die every year in Chinese mine disasters, but the

national press rarely reports on mine accidents and casualty figures are seldom published.

\$2m worth of jewelry stolen in H. Kong

Mandela to visit Britain in July

Von Weizsaecker in Poland

Communist government.

Lafontaine leaves hospital

into his neck just missed the carotid artery.

30 killed in China mine blast

The largest of the militant groups, the Jammu and Kashmir Liberation Front (JKLF), shattered all pretence by showing a freelance photographer and a Western television crew recruits getting arms instruction in

The photographer was taken to a narrow, rocky valley north of Muzaffarabad, capital of Azad (free) Kashmir, to watch raw recruits in action.

Toshiki Kaife

Kaifu

pledges

\$197m to

Bangladesh

Visiting Prime Minister Toshiki

Kaifu of Japan has pledged \$197

million in aid to Bangladesh, an

The aid will be for the 1990-91

Kaifu, on the second leg of his five-nation Asian tour, is the first

Japanese prime minister to visit

Bangladesh. He met President

Hussain Muhammad Ershad for

70 minutes and later formally

oringing about even closer ties ...

between the nations of South

Asia endeavouring as they are to

develop and grow," Kaifu said in

a speech at a banquet given in his

Japan, the richest nation in

Asia, is the top donor to Bang-

Tokyo has given Dhaka nearly

\$4 billion in aid in the past 18

years, according to Bangladesh

Shigeo Takenaka, the chief

Japanese spokesman, said the

fresh commitment include \$24

million exclusively for develop-

ment of the energy sector.

A senior Bangladesh official

said Japan was likely to commit

more aid. Foreign Secretary

Mohammad Mohsin did not

elaborate, but said that Japan had

indicated that its aid will not be

Tokyo did not make a commit-

ment when Bangladesh's Western

donors and Japan met in Paris

meeting pledged a total of \$1.8

billion for the coming fiscal year.

Dhaka staged a spectacular re-ception for Kaifu with thousands

of children dancing and singing

welcome Kaifu" on the streets.

Six jet fighters of the Bang-

ladesh Air Force escorted Kaifu's

DC-10 after it left Indian air

India was the first stop on his

week-long shuttle tour which will

include Pakistan, Sri Lanka and

On Tuesday, Kaifu opened a

highway bridge financed primari-

government statistics.

reduced.

Indonesia.

River near Dhaka.

ladesh, one of the world's poorest

"My present tour is aimed at

opened å river bridge.

DHAKA, Bangladesh (AP)

official spokesman said.

fiscal year.

"I would say there were four training, one leader who had fought with the Afghans, there was one sentry and one guy who bought the guns and ammunition," he said.

They spent four hours in the valley being taught weapons skills and firing live ammunition. Used cartridges were carefully collected, he said.

JKLF sources in Muzzafarabad said that after news of the television film spread Pakistan intelligence officials intervened and they were reluctant to repeat the exercise.

"You must understand our problem," one said. "Lots of things go on but we have to be careful.

The day before, the JKLF's Muzzafarabad chief Raja Muzzafar Khan said he believed the Kashmiri militants were becoming strong enough to stand up to the Pakistan government.

"When we were politically weak, Pakistan stopped us and put us behind bars, but now we have public pressure behind us it is very difficult for Pakistan to pressure us," he said.

At one JKLF house in the city two bullet-holed targets mounted on wooden stakes were lying on mounds of bedding for some of the thousands of young men who have trekked across the mountains to Azad Kashmir in recent

Bonn: U.S. troops needed in Europe

WASHINGTON (AP) - The United States will suffer a sharp loss of influence in Europe if it, withdraws its troops from the continent. West German Defence Minister Gerhard Stoltenberg has

Nuclear forces of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) should remain in Germany and elsewhere in Europe, but their numbers should be greatly reduced, he said Tuesday

All nuclear weapons in West Germany belong to and are controlled by the United States, though France and Britain have nuclear-armed forces elsewhere. NATO officials might move toward replacing ground-based

nuclear weapons with air-launched missiles when they meet next week in Canada, he said in a speech to the American Institute for Contemporary German Studies of the Johns Hopkins Uni-

Stoltenberg rejected Soviet opposition to a unified Germany remaining in NATO and said he saw hope that the Soviet Union would agree to it.

He said it was conceivable for NATO troops to be restricted to what is now West Germany after unification and that other German forces not assigned to NATO could then be present in what is now in East Germany.

"It gives me great satisfaction to add that the foreign ministers of Czechoslovakia, Poland and Hungary supported this position at the latest meeting of the Warsaw Pact foreign ministers," Stoltenberg said. Their support might help persuade Moscow to accept German membership in NATO,

Stoltenberg said the United States might be able to reduce its forces on the Central European front beyond the 195,000 troops proposed by President Bush, but Americans should maintain a substantial military presence in Europe, he said.

he added.

"In the past American coop-eration and influence on European policy was helpful and in future American policy and influence in Europe can be helpful,"

Stoltenberg said. Stoltenberg laughed at a sug-gestion that the American dominance of the security structure of NATO was an infringement on German sovereignty and thus was

comforting to France. "To avoid war between Germany and France, we don't need NATO," he said.



When the vote was announced

"I know that confidence cannot

be returned, only lost," Goencz

said in a brief thank-you address

to Hungary's first democratic par-

liament in more than 40 years.

dent Matyas Szuroes, a member

of the Socialist Party that was

formed after the old Communist

Party dissolved. The Socialists

ruled until they were defeated in

free elections in March and April.

between all parties, Szueroes was

elected one of three deputy

In another conciliatory gesture

Historian Gyoergy Szabad, 66

Goencz replaces Interim Presi-

after a secret ballot, Goencz was

elected with 339 of the 370 valid

Hungary's New Democratic Parhament Wednesday chose as interim president a liberal writer iailed for six years after the anti-Soviet revolt of 1956, symbolising the country's break with its Communist past.

Arpad Goencz, 68, won election as house speaker and interim president after Hungary's rival main parties, the center-right Hungarian Democratic Forum and the liberal League of Free Democrats forged a surprise agreement to nominate him.

With the Forum controlling 164 seats and the Free Democrats 94 in the new parliament, Goencz, a Free Democrat, was assured of a majority.

But he needed backing from

deputies of other parties to get the two-thirds majority needed to

SAN SALVADOR, El Salvador

(AP) — Rebels attacked govern-ment soldiers in the capital Tues-

Rebels hit key points in San Salvador The fighting began around 10 Perez de Cuellar was due to p.m. (0400 GMT) and continued arrive in El Salvador Wednesday sporadically into the pre-dawn hours Wednesday. Military heli-

copters could be heard buzzing

Guerrillas and government sol-

diers clashed near the Sheraton

Hotel in Escalon and the firefight

spilled over into the Tasumal

neighbourhood, residents said.

The guerrillas attacked a civil

defence post on the south-side

neighbourhood of Costa Rica and

the national elections board

building in Escalon, according to

They also sprayed a police

The fighting erupted hours be-

fore President Alfredo Cristiani's

conservative government and the

guerrillas were to hold indirect

preliminary talks to end the war.

A representative of United Na-

tions General Secretary Javier

academy on the outskirts of the

capital with gunfire.

witnesses.

Hundreds of political dissidents

day on the eve of talks aimed at ending the war. Automatic weapons fire and explosions ripped through several neighbourhoods on the west and north sides of the city, including the wealthy Escalon district that was the scene of fighting during an offensive by the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front rebels last November.

There were no immediate reports of casualties.

The rebels dynamited five high voltage utility towers near the city of Chalatenango, leaving at least half of San Salvador without electricity, the privately owned radio station YSKL reported. Rebeis also attacked a plant

belonging to the state power company north of the city, the radio station reported, but said it had

SYDNEY, Australia (AP) — Amnesty International Wednes-

widespread.

rounded up in Burma, Amnesty says with the simultaneous release riding a motorcycle, hanging by around the world of Amnesty's report on human rights violations

day said that hundreds and possibly thousands of political dissiin Burma. dents had been rounded up in He said torture was now rife. Burma ahead of the May 27 whereas it had once been conelection, and that torture was

"The security forces have almost unrestricted authority to make arbitrary arrests, to detain opponents or suspected critics incommunicado for months on end without either charging or trying them, and to interrogate them using torture," said Eric Sidoti, the organisation's director of communications for Australia.

"We know that hundreds of people have been detained but we believe it could be thousands," Sidoti told the Associated Press.

"People are being given three years hard labour to life just for criticising the government or

available. Amnesty was not allowed into the country to check allegations

ment.

fined to areas of armed conflict. "It is widespread, standard practise and not restricted to any

Burma's military government seized power in a September 1988

Amnesty spokeswoman Alison Tate said accurate figures on the

number of political prisoners and torture victims in Burma were not

but had to rely on accounts given by refugees fleeing into Thailand. Torture could involve any one of 15 methods, including electric to allow foreign observers to

the fee from a ceiling fan and walking across broken glass. Sidoti said some prisoners were

tortured simply on suspicion of being opposed to the govern-

Martial law restrictions prevent full freedom of snee and freedom from arrest for political activists.

The main Burmese opposition leader, National League for Democracy General Secretary Aung San Suu Kyi, has been under house arrest since July.

The daughter of Burma's independence leader, she was a leadng figure in the 1988 uprising against 25 years of military rule

which was crushed by the army. Australian Foreign Minister Gareth Evans called on the Burmese government earlier this year

ly by Japan across the Meghna shocks, being forced to squat for check on human rights during the undermining the military." long periods in the position of course of the election. Sidoti's comments coincided U.S. urges China to cut off arms to Khmer Rouge

ited States has said it had urged China to halt or at least scale down its military aid to Khmer lished report that China, defying Rouge guerrillas fighting the requests from the United States, Hanoi-backed government in Cambodia as part of a compre-

hensive settlement. "In our high-level contacts... we have discussed with China the need to control the Khmer Rouge in the context of a comprehensive settlement in Cambodia," the U.S. State Deaprement said in a

statement. "We have asked the Chinese to terminate their military aid to the Khmer Rouge and have urged them at a minimum to reduce the

WASHINGTON (R) - The Un- level of such assistance," the department added.

The statement followed a published report that China, defying recently sent large new shipments of weapons to the Khmer Rouge.

The New York Times, quoting unidentified U.S. government officials, said the weapons included m tars, rifles, rocketpropelled grenades, anti-aircraft machine guns, rocket launchers and heavy artillery. A State Department spokesman

said he was not immediately able to confirm or deny the reported new Chinese weapons shipments to the Khmer Rouge.

Former Khmer Rouge Prime Minister Pol Pot, a Chinese ally, ruled Cambodia from 1975 until 1978 when Vietnam invaded after border skirmishes. More than a million Cambodians are believed to have died during his rule, and the United States and virtually every other country has opposed any Khmer Rouge return to

Brent Scowcroft and Deputy Secretary of State Lawrence Eagleburger, who made secret trips allied non-Communist Camboto Peking in July and December, dian guerrilla groups, which had asked the Cehinese to curtail Washington supports.

military support for the Khmer Rouge, the New York Times

Although China has been arming Pol Pot's forces for years. the discovery of new large shipments would be a setback for President George Bush's efforts to influence Chinese behaviour through the Scowcroft missions.

While criticising China for arming the Khmer Rouge, the U.S. National Security Adviser Times reported that administration officials were grateful to Peking for supplying arms to two

Malaysia reportedly still pushing boat people away

KUALA LUMPUR (R) -Malaysia has pushed more than 6.000 Vietnamese boat people away from its shores, including some 2,000 since mid-February. diplomatic sources said Wednesday.

Forty-seven boats carrying 2,286 people had been turned away from Malaysia shores since the second half of February, bringing the overall total of boat people rejected to 6,067. The most recent incident was on April 22, said the sources, who spoke on condition of anonymity.

. They said the number turned away in recent weeks was the highest since May 1989, when Malaysia began rejecting boats bringing new arrivals, drawing an international outery.

Malaysia has consistently de-

nied the allegations. It has in turn criticised the United States and refugee groups for waging an unfair international media campaign against Malaysia, which plays reluctant host to 20,000

boat people. U.S. State Department spokeswoman Margaret Tutwiler said last month that Malaysia's "Pushback" policy had resulted in the deaths of four Vietnamese boat

Washington and human rights groups also say that Maiaysia's actions contravened a Comprehensive Plan of Action (CPA) agreement Kuala Lumpur chaired last June to give temporary asylum to boat people before screening to separate genuine refugees from economic migrants.
The latest reports bring to 123

the number of Vietnamese boats which have been turned away from Malaysia's east coast, the diplomatic sources said.

They said Malaysia appeared anxious that no consensus had been reached on the question of repatriation among first asylum and resettlement countries and Vietnam, who last met in

"The trend (of pushing away from new arrivals) has increased since mid-February. Malaysia does not want to be left behind with people who do not qualify for resettlement," a diplomatic source said.

A United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees official said the UNHCR has conducted "all sorts of discussions with the Malaysian government on CPA" but declined to comment on the reported rejection of newly arrived boats.

The official said about 800 boat people who arrived in Malaysia after March 14, 1989, when countries in the region stopped accepting boat people automatically, had been screened since last August to determine if they were genuine refugees.

ings," the official said.

The UNHCR is also persuading the nearly 13,000 new arrivalshonsed on Bidong Island, off Malaysia's east coast, to voluntarily return home.

Twenty-two men, including a 66-year-old man and his grandson, left for Vietnam Wednesday, the largest group to leave Malaysia so far this year.
This brings to 79 the number

who have returned voluntarily from Malaysia, UNHCR field officer Alan Vernon told reporters as they boarded a Malaysian Airline flight for Ho Chi Minh

Vernon said another 95 refugees on Bidong had applied to return, pending approval by Hanoi, and about 100 others had expressed interest.

He said those returning voluntarily, who had not been screened out as economic migrants, would "The Malaysian government be given \$30 a month for a year-has not yet released the find- on arrival to help them re-establish themselves.



Former beatle receives death

threats ...

LONDON (R) — Former Beatle George Harrison has received death threats in letters sent to his British mansion, police sizd. One of the anonymous letters posted to the 120-room gothic manor west of London warned, "time you went," and another said, 'goodbye George," the Daily Mirror newspaper reported. Police said they were taking the threats against the 47-year-old pop star setiously. The letters began arriving at the mansion a year ago but staff, knowing Harrison's worries about security since the murder in New York 10 years ago of Beatle John Lennon. burned them, the Daily Mirror said. In recent weeks five more letters turned up and police were called in Harrison; part of the famous pop group that included Paul McCartney, Ringo Starr and Lennon, lives at the house with his wife Olivia and son Dhani.

Fara Fawcett rules out marriage

DENVER, Colorado (AP) -Farrah Fawcett has ruled out marriage. The actress said that men do not like her independence and that longtime love Ryan O'Neal is the only man so far who has accepted it. She said O'Neal still proposes marriage, even after 10 years, but it is not for her because marriage is purely a business contract. It kills romance." In 1977, she divorced actor Lee Majors and quit the television series Charlie's Angels. Majors was the silent type, she said in an interview Monday Lee didn't talk. He thought I should come home and make the dinner. And he didn't support me leaving the show," she said. At Charlie's Angels, she said, "the male producers kept patting me on the head while I was complaining that the characters had no depth." She has since starred in such acclaimed movies as "Extremities" and The Burning Bed.

Franco's flagship to run down in flag

EL FERROL, Spain (AP) - The vessel that General Francisco Franco used as his yacht and flagship until his death in 1975 ran down its flags for the last time in the dictator's hometown, an official said. The 154-foot (46.9metre) Azor was built for Franco in the Galician port in 1949. It was last used as a naval flagship in 1984 by King Juan Carlos, Franco's sucessor as head of state and . the man who presided over the country's transition to democracy. Vice Admiral Rafael Marti accepted the ship's flag, and the local navy chaplain said a prayer during a brief decommissioning ceremony at the port in this northwestern town, Captain Juan Jose Garcia Perez said. The Azor is to be auctioned off by the government, Garcia Perez said. Franco, who was born in El Ferrol in 1892, led a military rebellion that defeated troops loval to the Second Republic in the 1936-39 Spanish Civil War. He ruled Spain until his death.

Trial to examine difference between mistress, prostitute

MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin (AP)

- The difference between a mis-

tress and a prostitute will be

explored in the trial of a former playboy model accused with her twin sister of failing to pay taxes on \$1.1 million they received allegedly for sexual favours. The twins allegedly spent alternate nights with David Kritzik; an elderly businessman, for more than five years until June 1987, when he was attacked and beaten in his apartment by an unknown intruder. He died last year at age ... 39. The defence won a victory even before the trial of actress and model Lynnette Harris, 35, got under way in federal court. At a pretrial hearing, Judge Tho-mas Curran ruled inadmissible an affidavit that Kritzik had given a federal agent before he died. Ms. Harris is accused of accepting \$745,000 from Kritzik Hier sister. Leigh Amr Conley, who allegedly received \$406,000, is to go on trial in Jane. The government alleged the money was paid in exchange for ser. Ms. Harris attorney, Dennis Coffey insisted Kritzil gave her the money out of affection. The case against the twins mises questions about the subtle legal differences between mistresses and prostitutes and me come and gifts officials said.

del instita